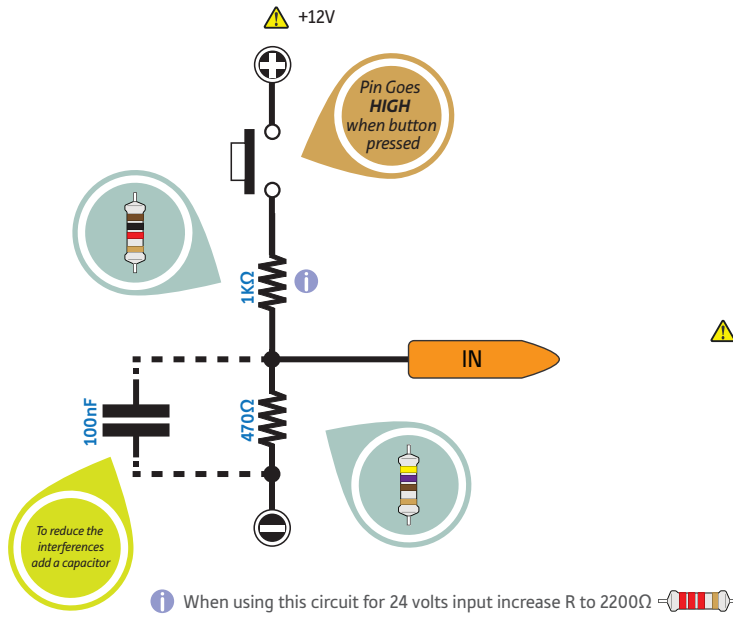


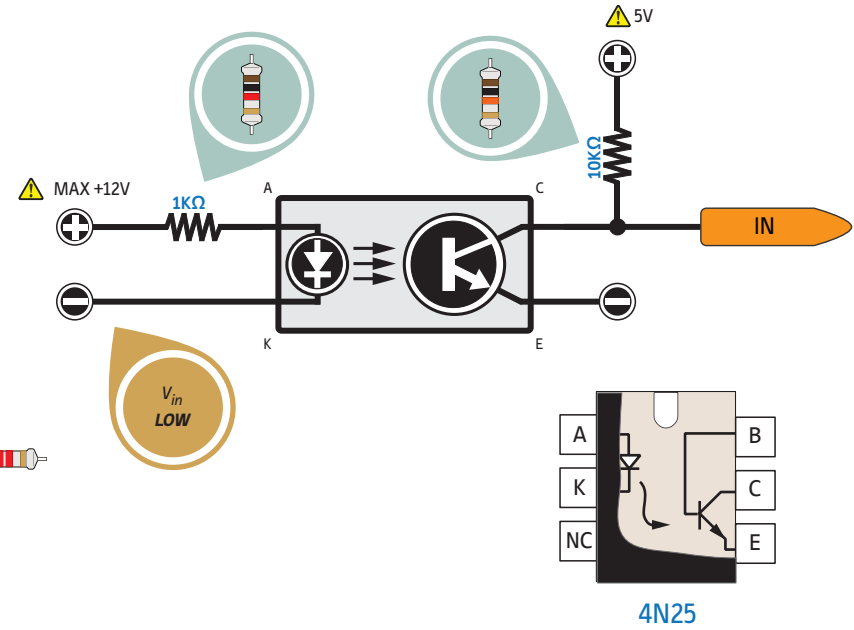
Pushbutton to 12V

Should you need to connect Arduino inputs to a DC voltage higher than 5V

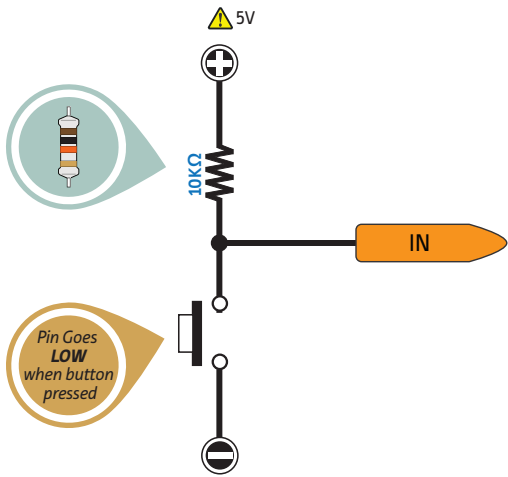


Optocoupled inputs

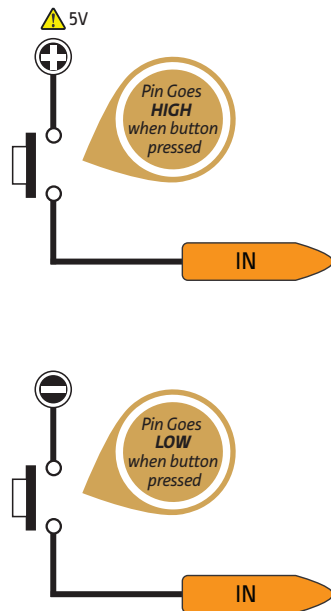
Used when galvanic separation between external circuitry and Arduino circuit is required



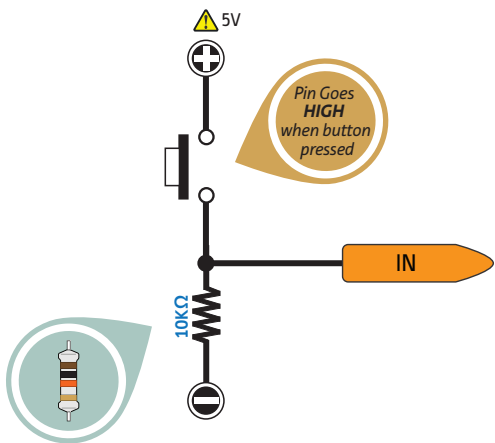
Pushbutton to GND



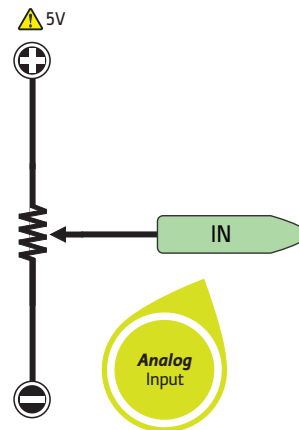
Using Internal Pullup



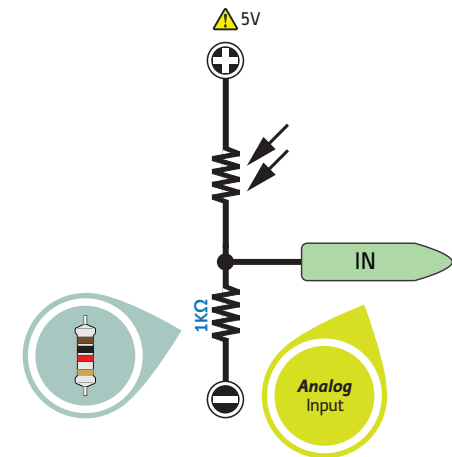
Pushbutton to 5V



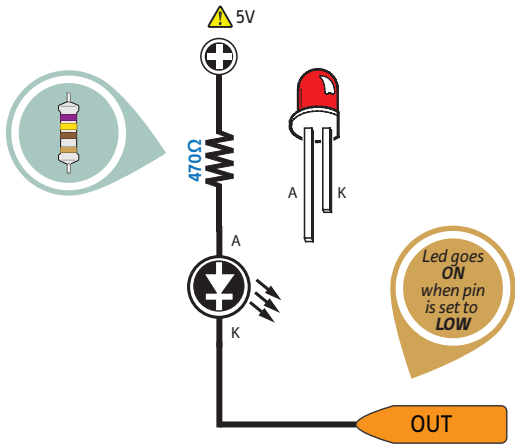
Trimmer or Potentiometer



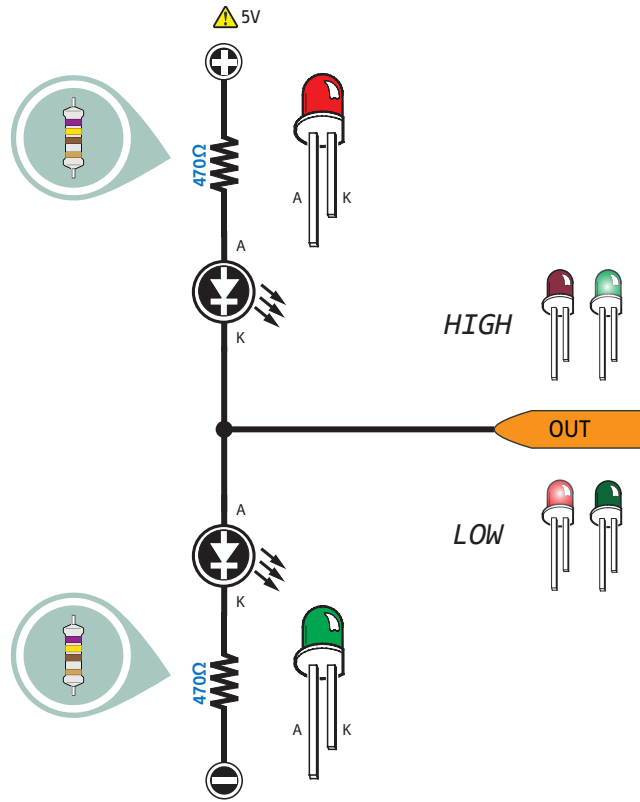
Photoresistor



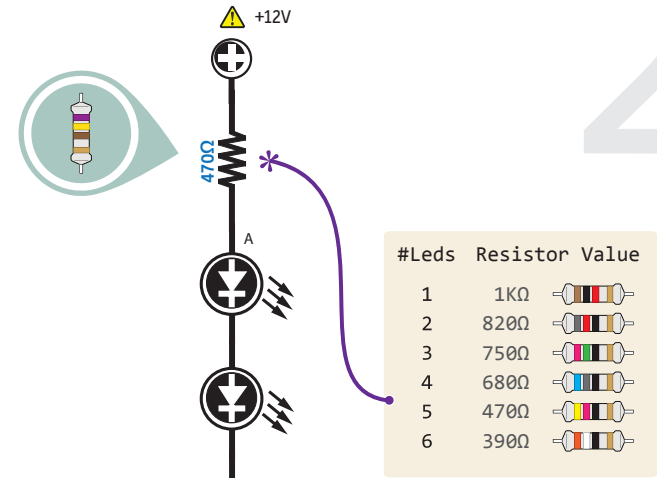
Connect a Led



Dual LEDs or bi-color LED

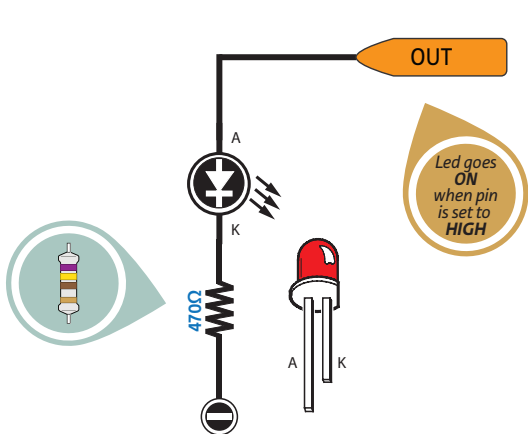


LED clusters

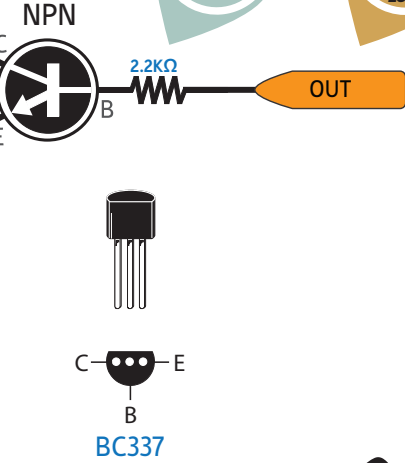
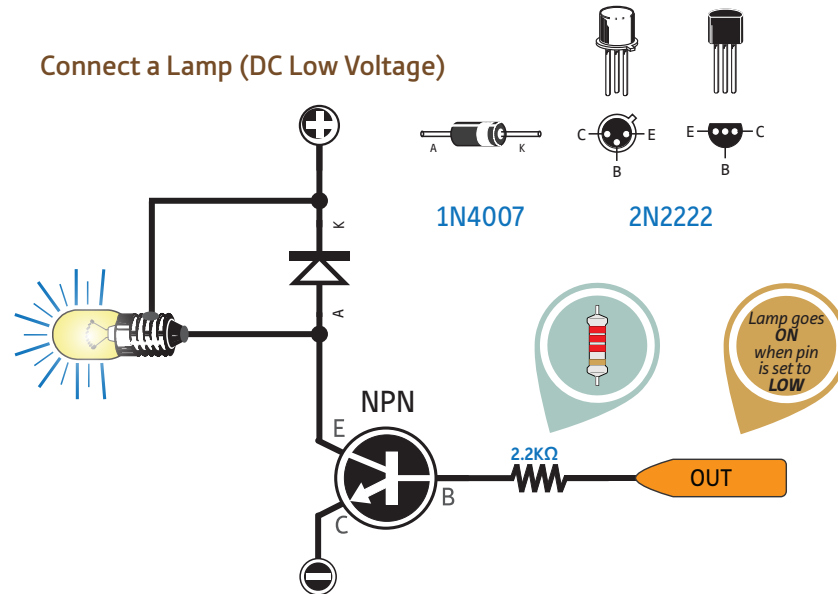


| #Leds | Resistor Value |
|-------|----------------|
| 1 | 1KΩ |
| 2 | 820Ω |
| 3 | 750Ω |
| 4 | 680Ω |
| 5 | 470Ω |
| 6 | 390Ω |

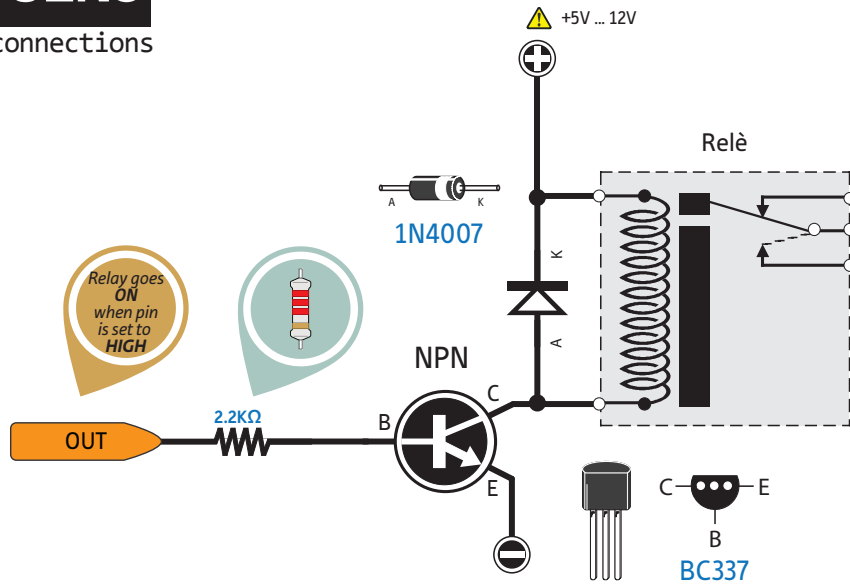
Connect a Led



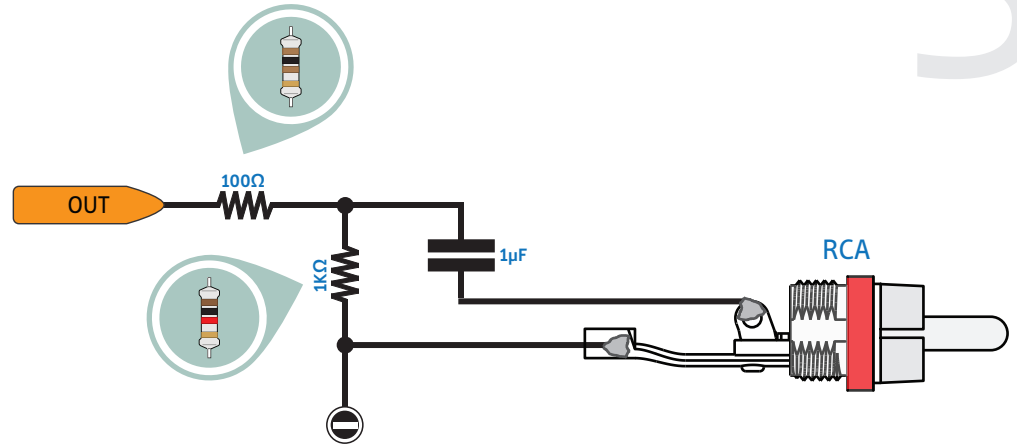
Connect a Lamp (DC Low Voltage)



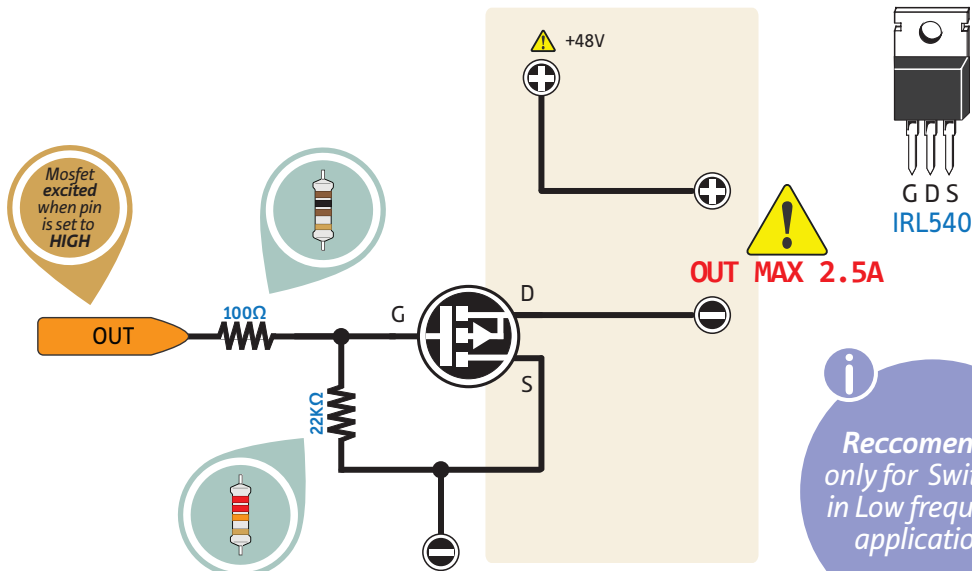
Connect a Relay



Connect an Audio Amplifier

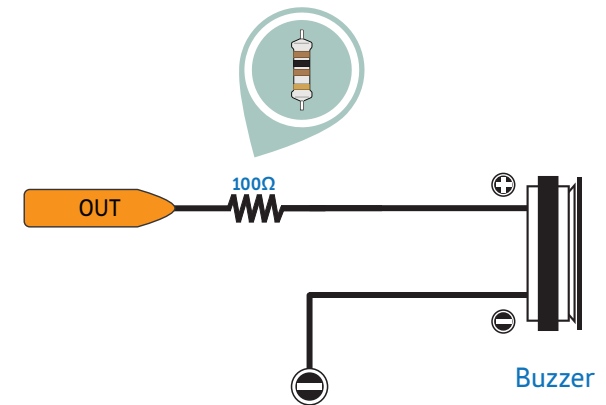


Connect a Mosfet

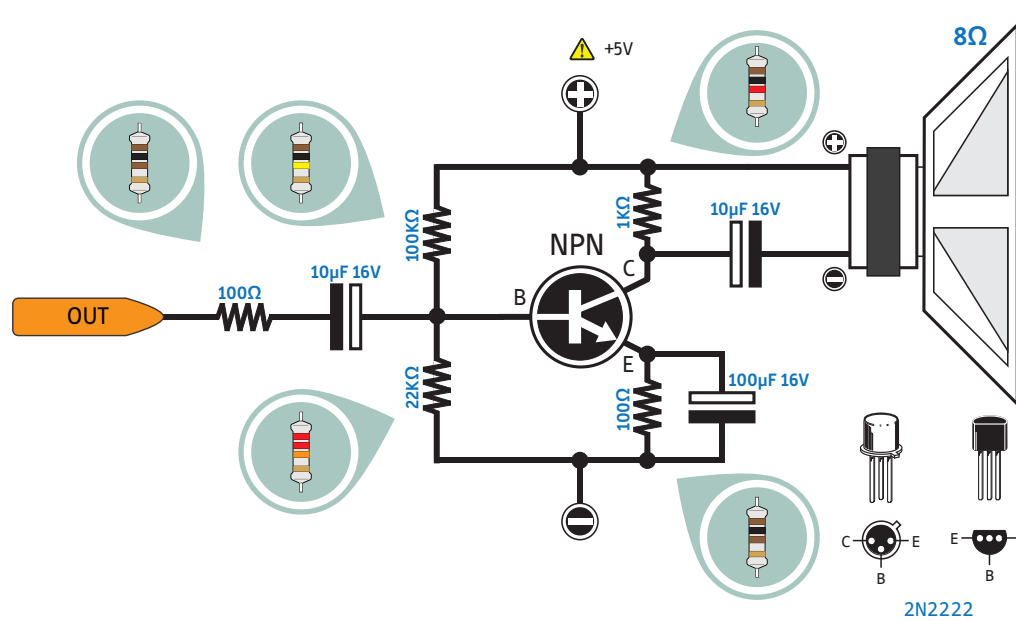


Reccomended only for Switch or in Low frequency applications.

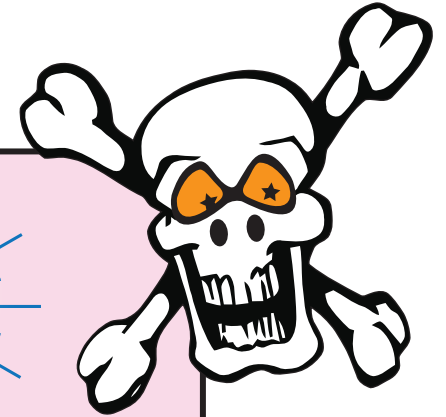
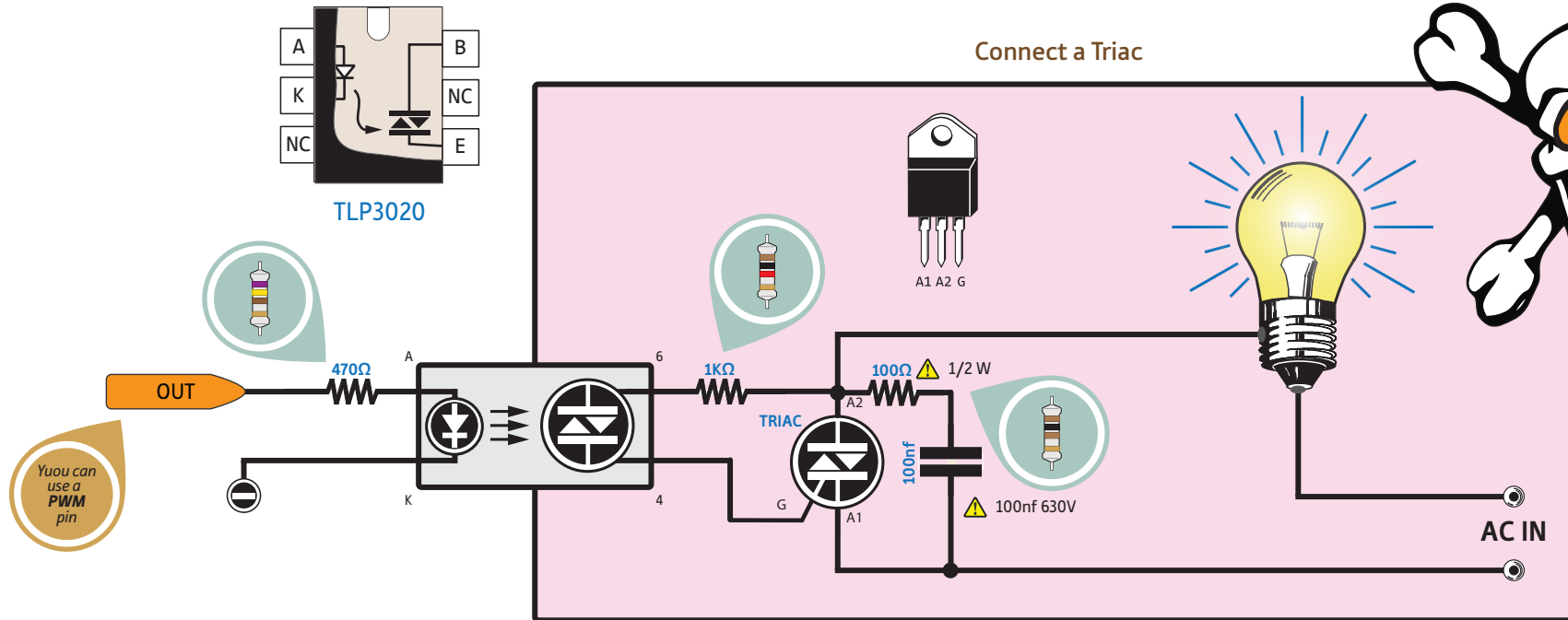
Connect a Buzzer



Connect a Speaker



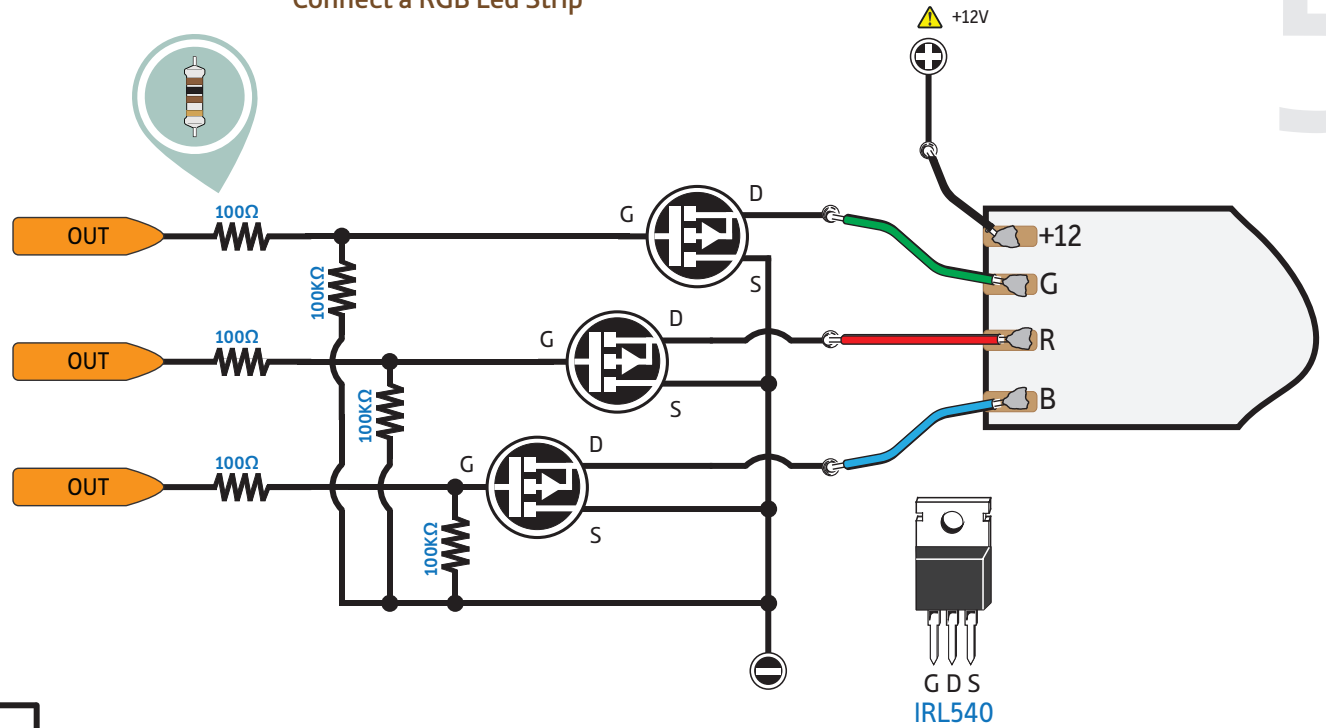
Connect a Triac



You can use a PWM pin

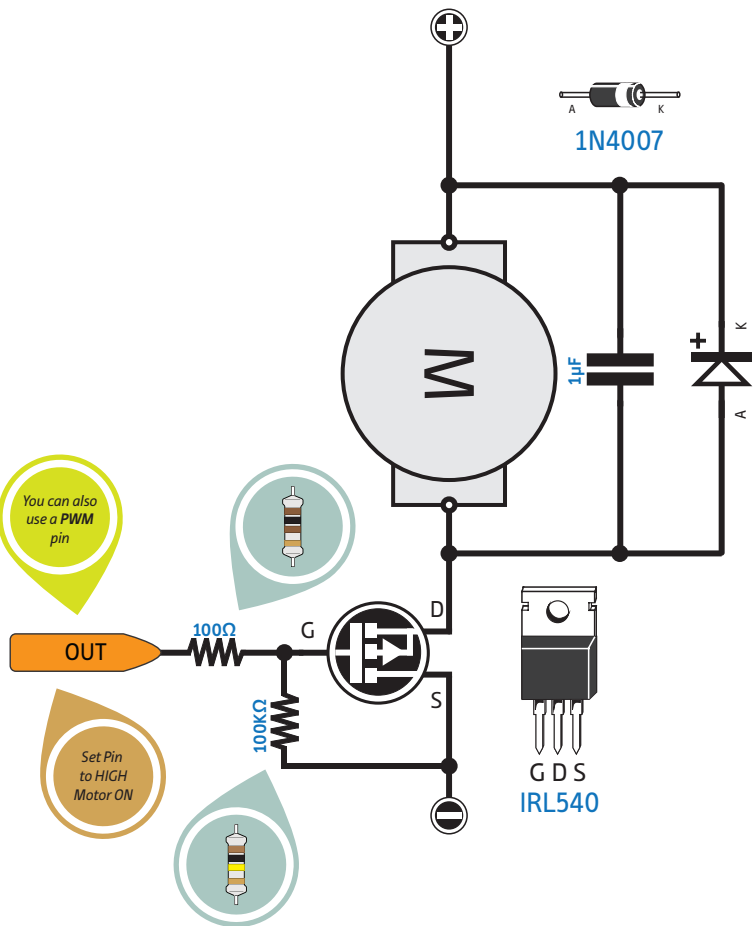


Connect a RGB Led Strip



You can also use a PWM pin

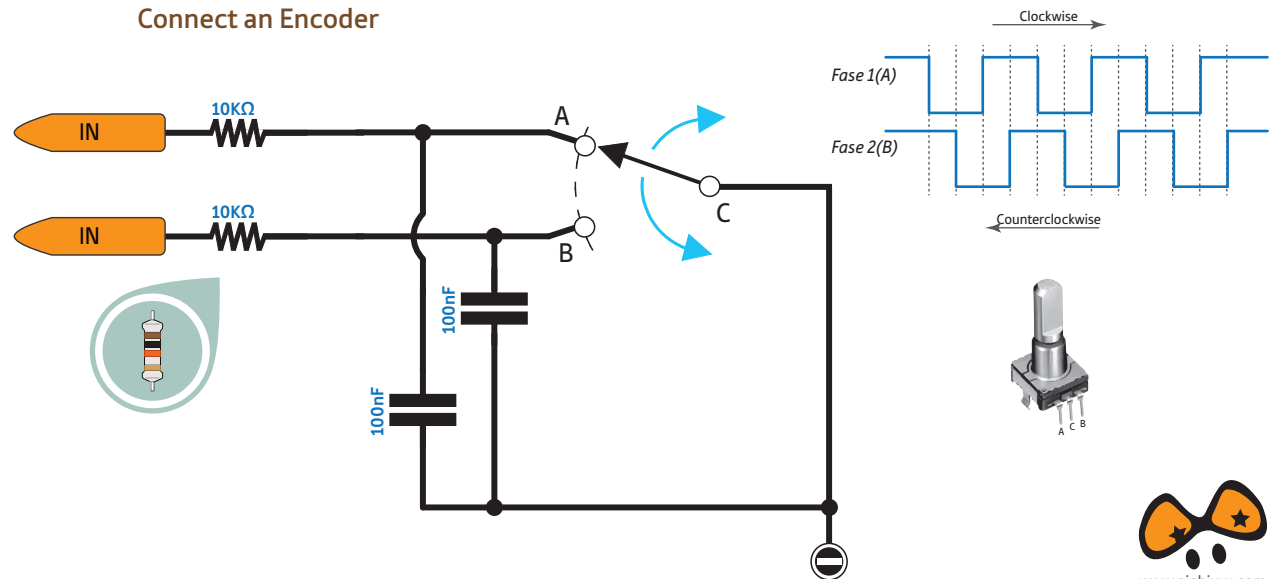
Connect a DC Motor



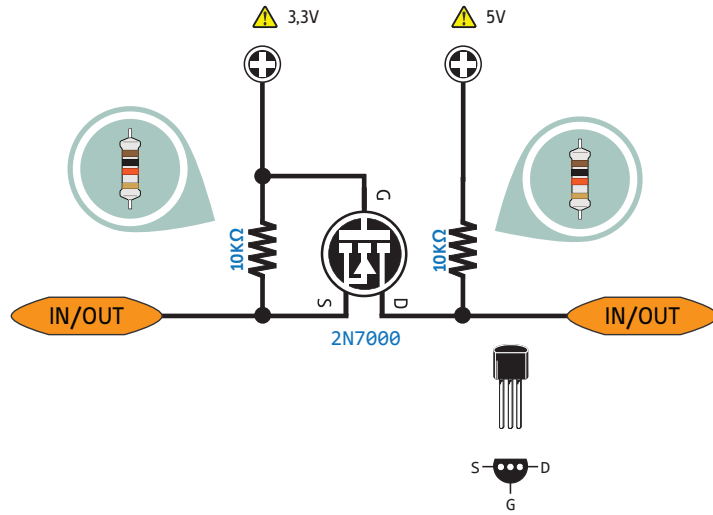
You can also use a PWM pin

Set Pin to HIGH Motor ON

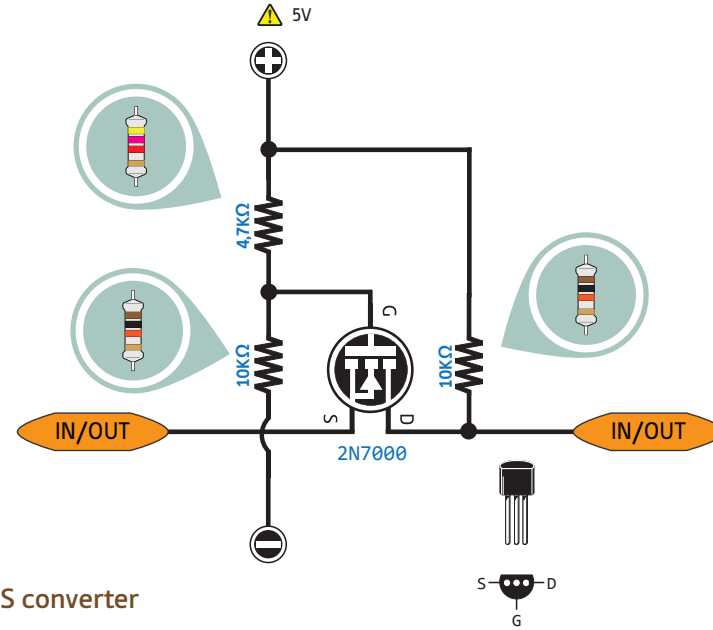
Connect an Encoder



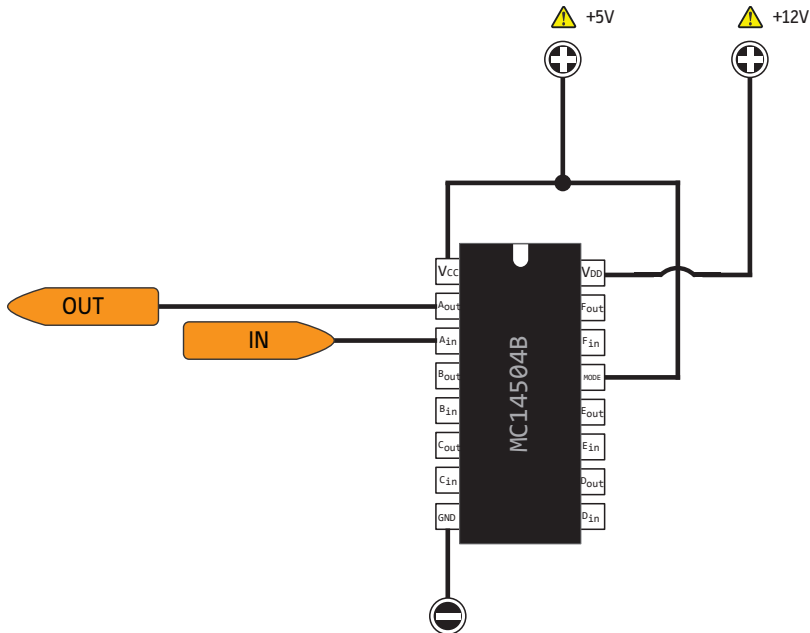
Bi-Directional Voltage Level Converter 3.3V to 5V



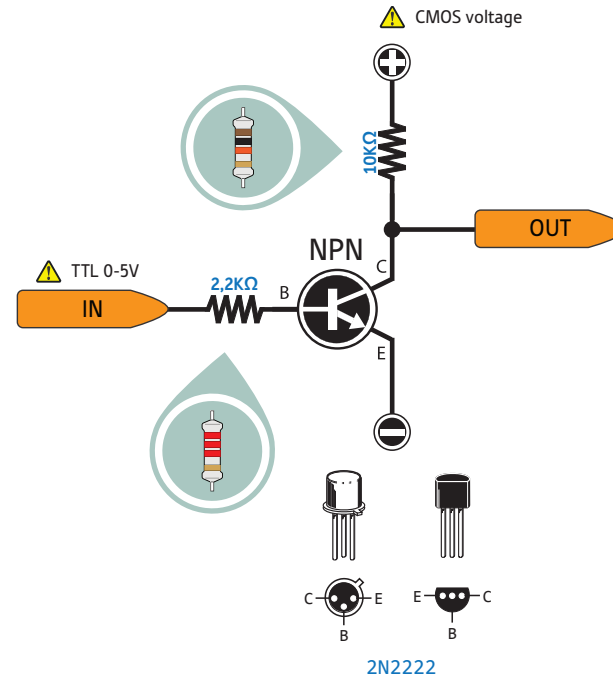
Bi-Directional Voltage Level Converter 3.3V to 5V with voltage divider



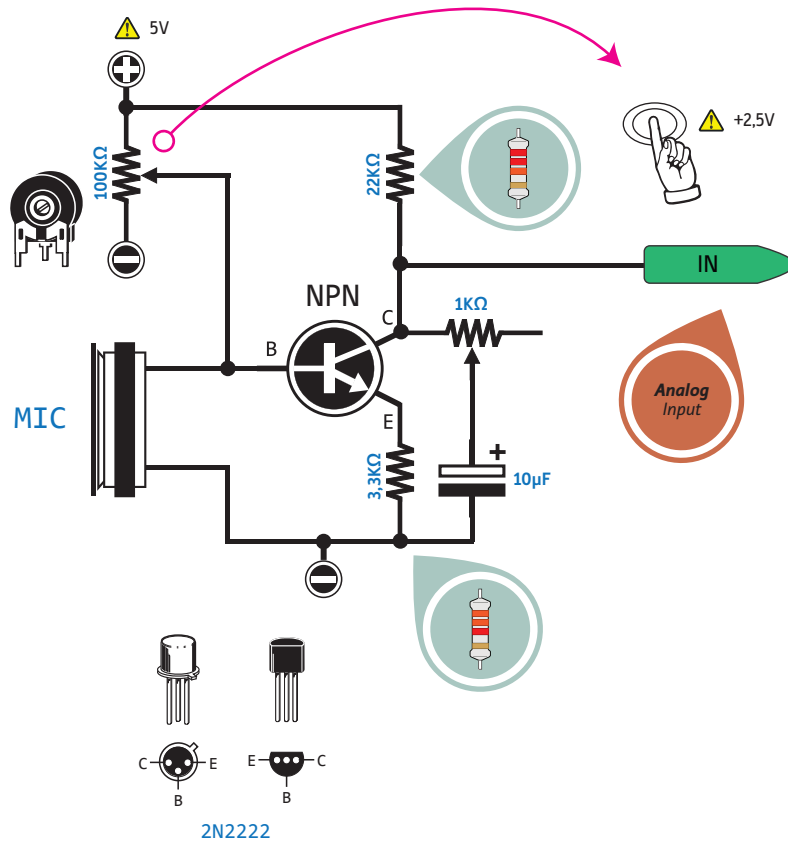
TTL / CMOS converter (6 inputs/outputs)



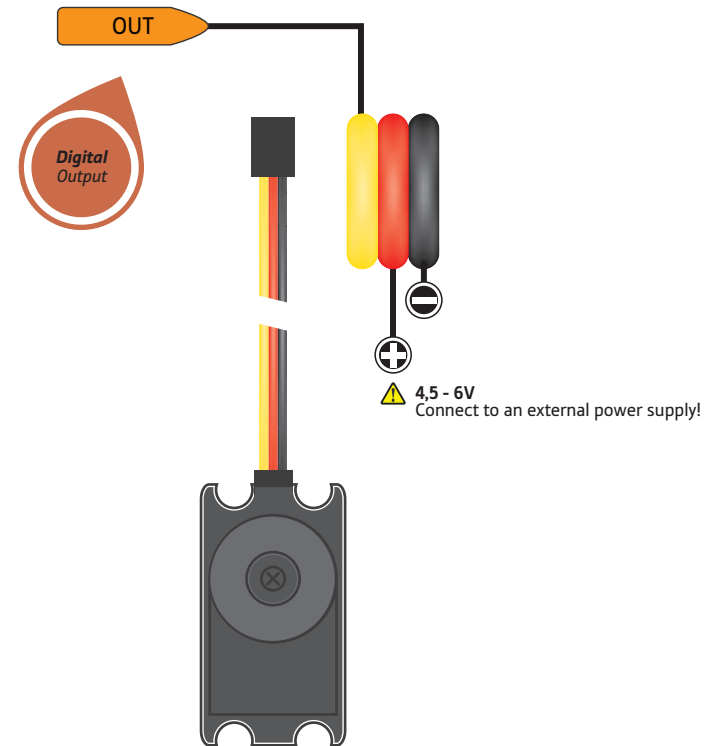
TTL / CMOS converter



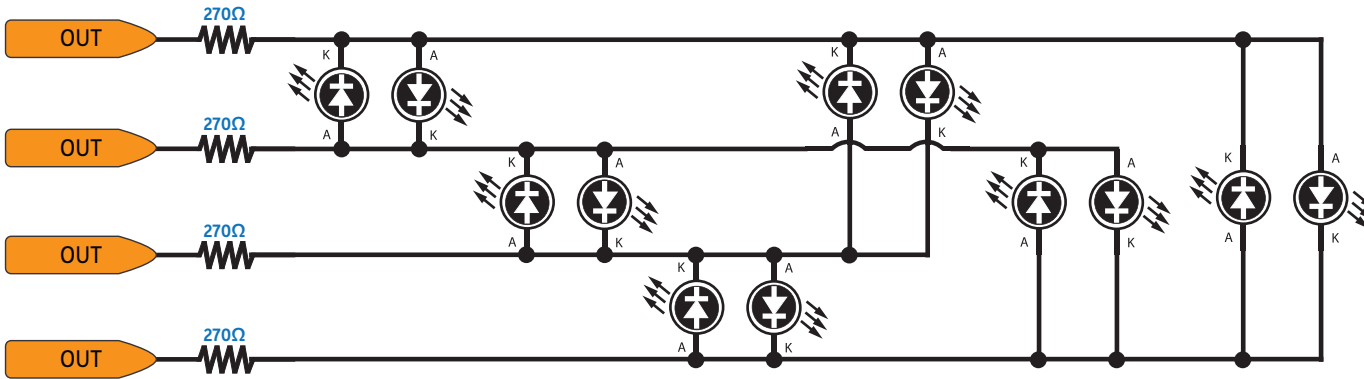
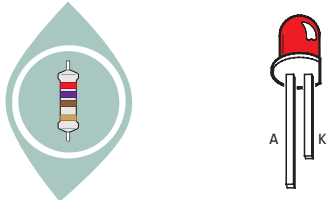
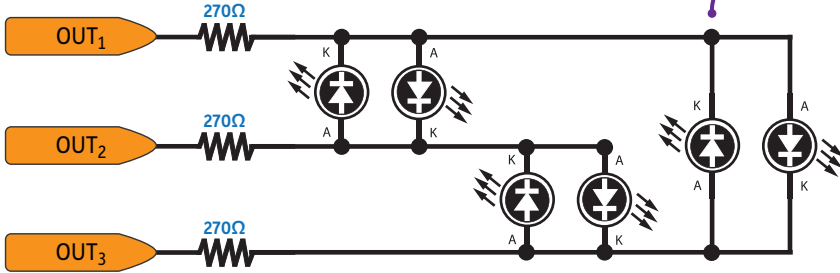
Connect a Microphone



Connect a Servo



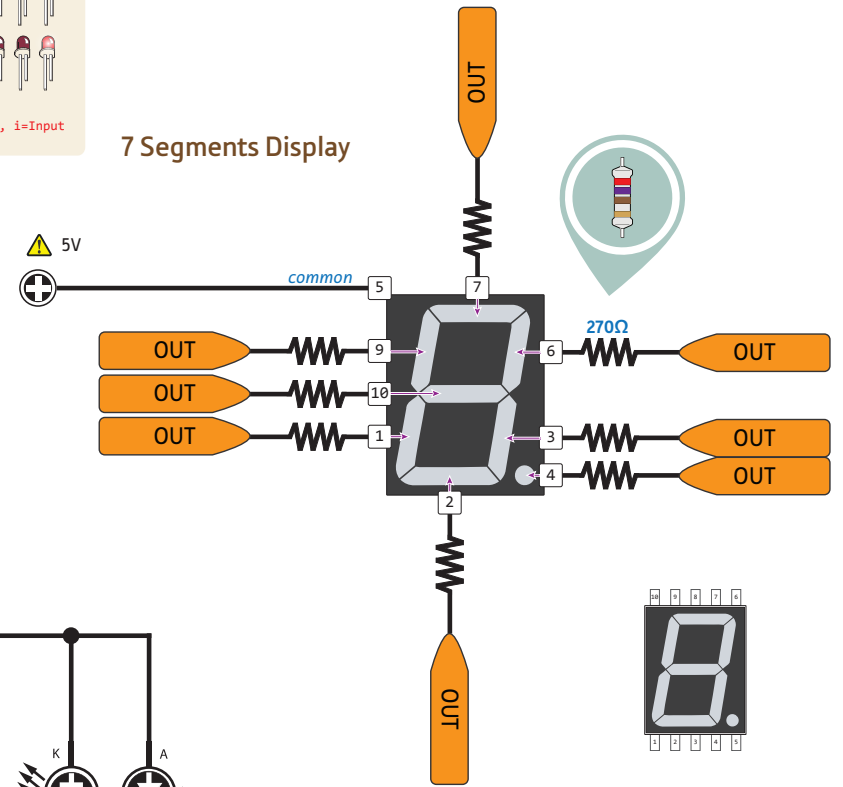
Charlieplexing



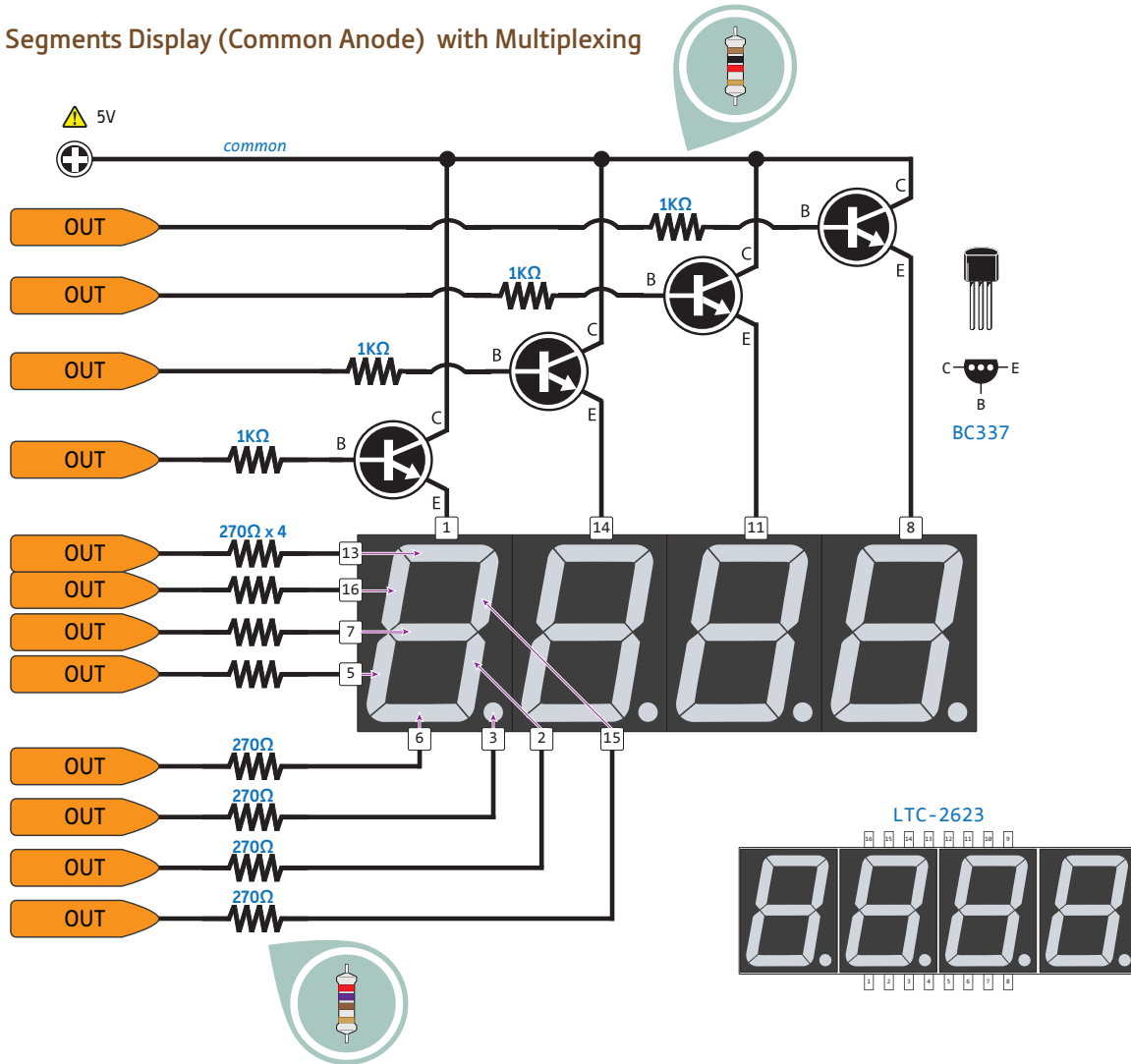
| Out ₁ | Out ₂ | Out ₃ | LEDs lit |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| L | L | L | (None) |
| L | H | i | Top-left, Top-right, Middle-left |
| H | L | i | Top-left, Middle-right, Bottom-left |
| i | L | H | Middle-right, Bottom-right, Bottom-middle |
| i | H | L | Middle-right, Bottom-right, Middle-middle |
| L | i | H | Top-right, Middle-right, Bottom-right |
| H | i | L | Top-right, Middle-right, Middle-middle |

H=High, L=Low, i=Input

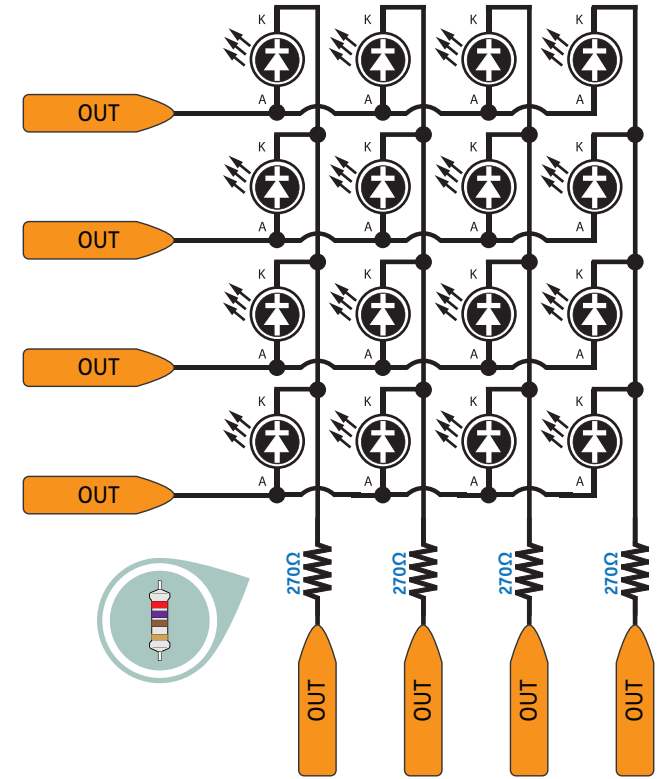
7 Segments Display



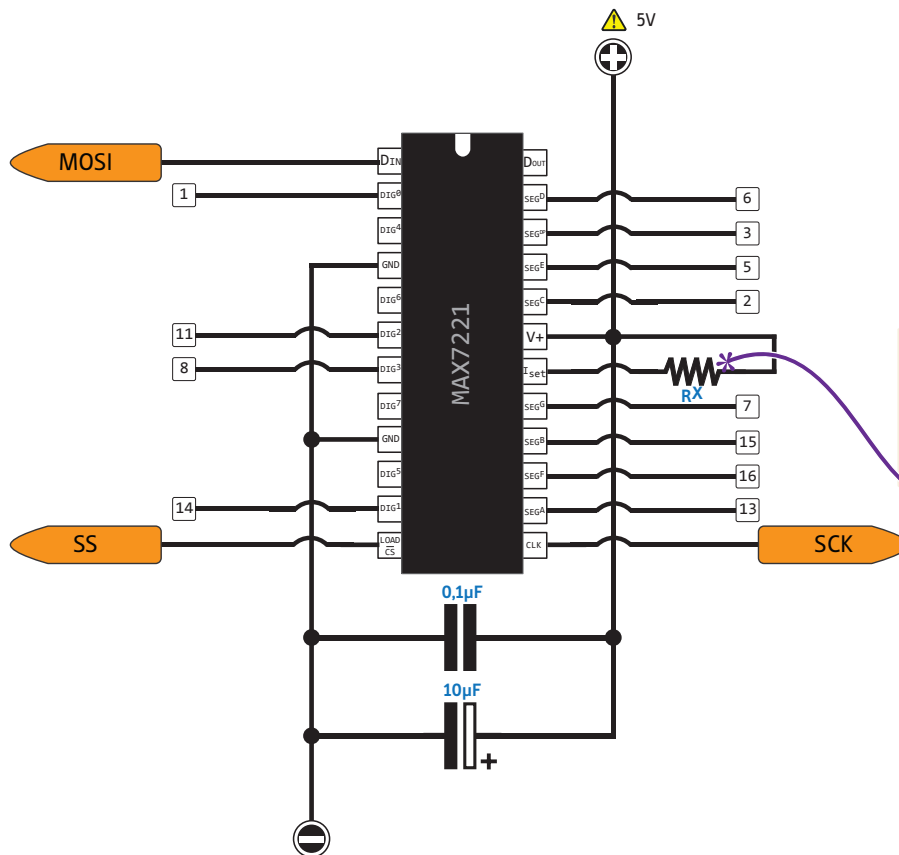
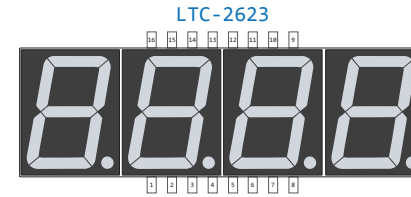
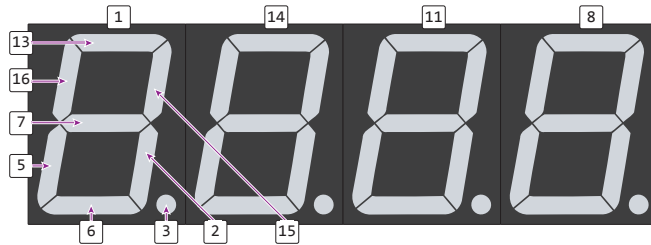
7 Segments Display (Common Anode) with Multiplexing



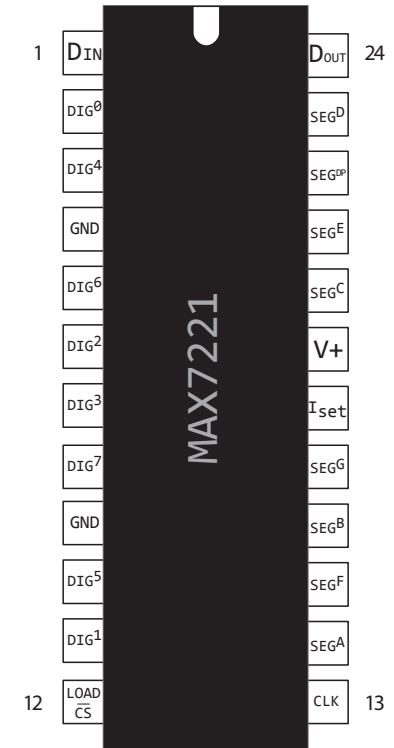
LED Array



7 Segments Display (Common Anode) with MAX7221

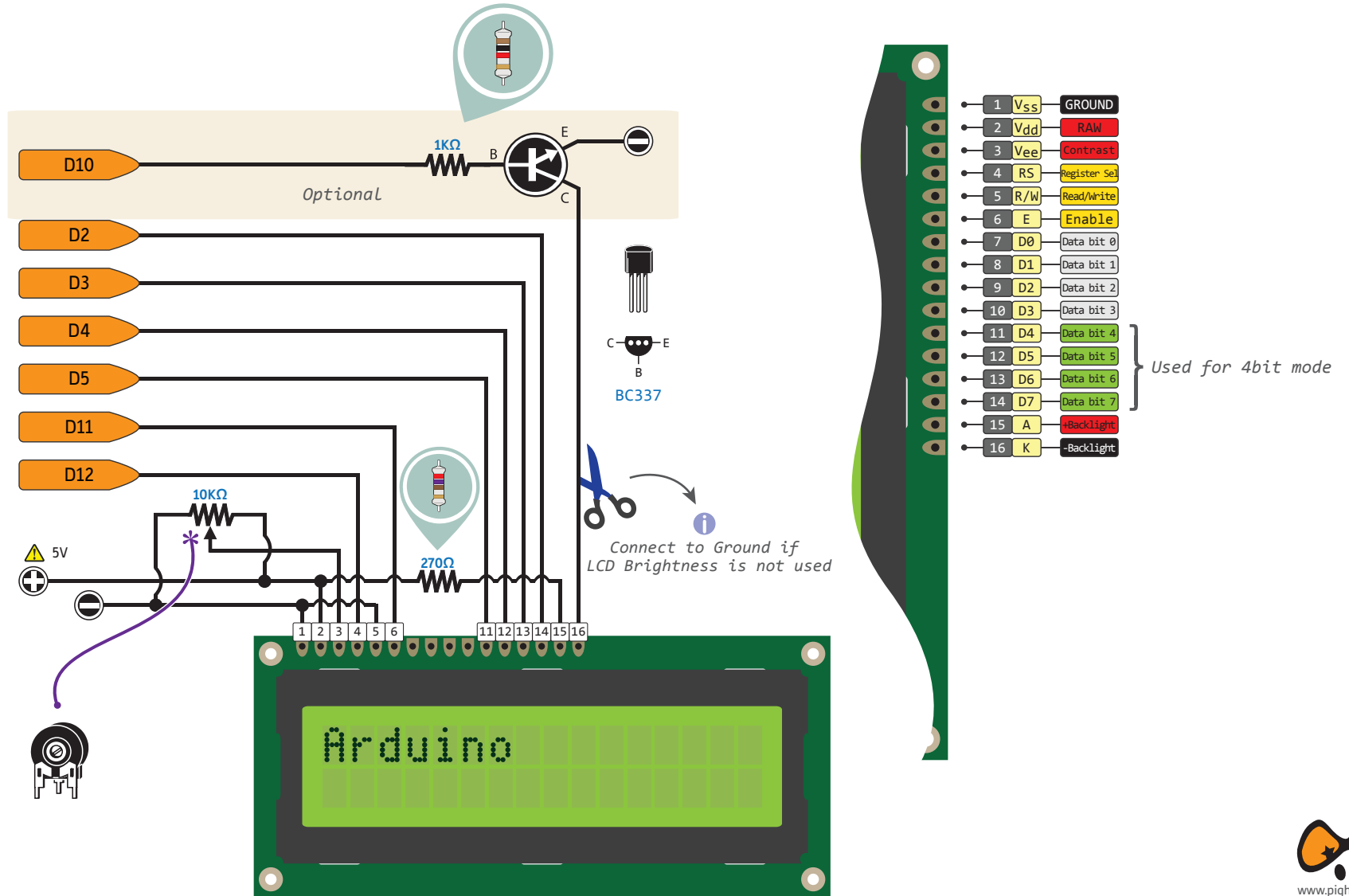


| Current | 1.5v | 2.0v | 2.5v | 3.0v | 3.5v |
|---------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 40ma | 12KΩ | 12KΩ | 11KΩ | 10KΩ | 10KΩ |
| 30ma | 18KΩ | 17KΩ | 16KΩ | 15KΩ | 14KΩ |
| 20ma | 30KΩ | 28KΩ | 26KΩ | 24KΩ | 22KΩ |
| 10ma | 68KΩ | 64KΩ | 60KΩ | 56KΩ | 51KΩ |

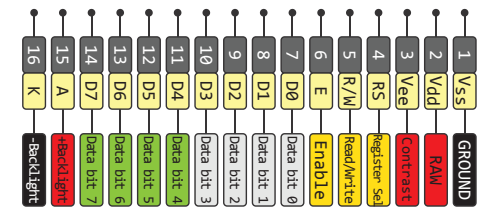
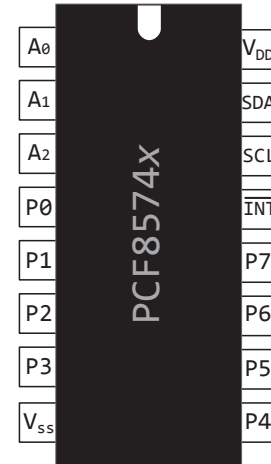
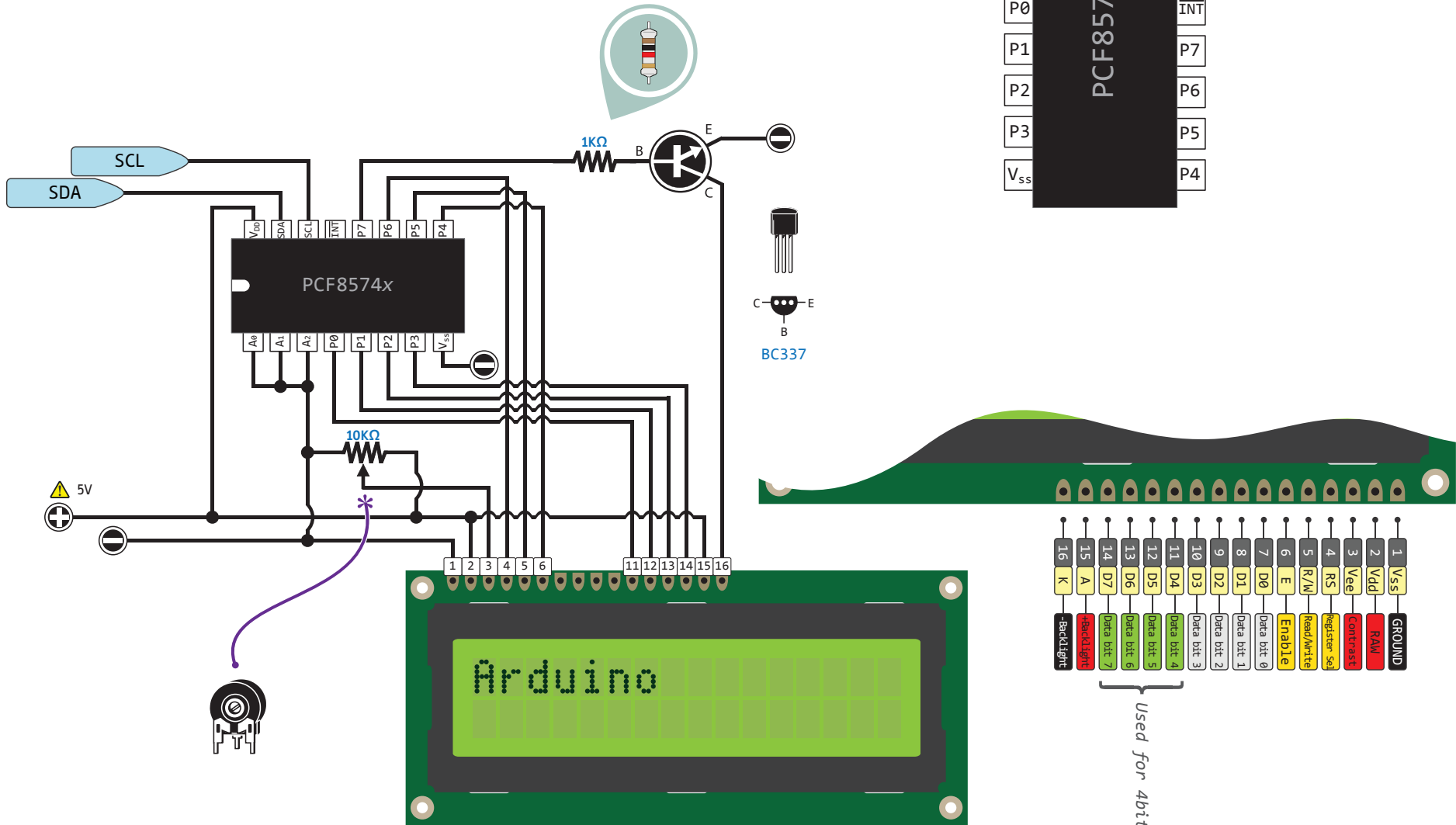


Connect a LCD HITACHI 44780 compatible

use PWM to change LCD brightness

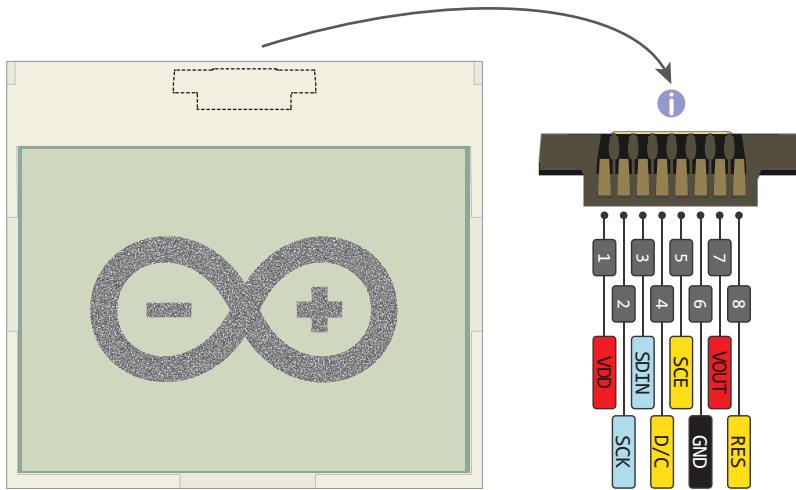


Connect via I2C a LCD HITACHI 44780 compatible

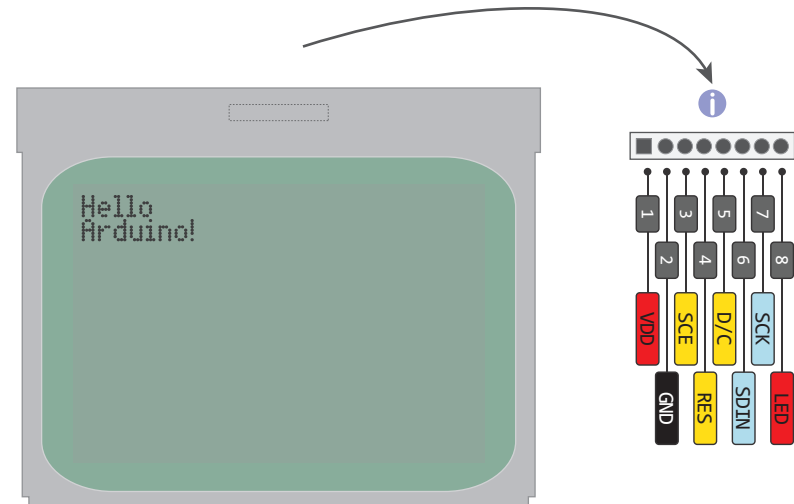


Connect a NOKIA LCD (Basic)

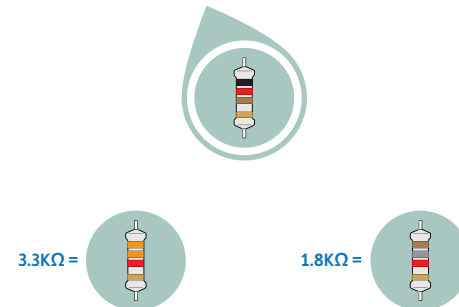
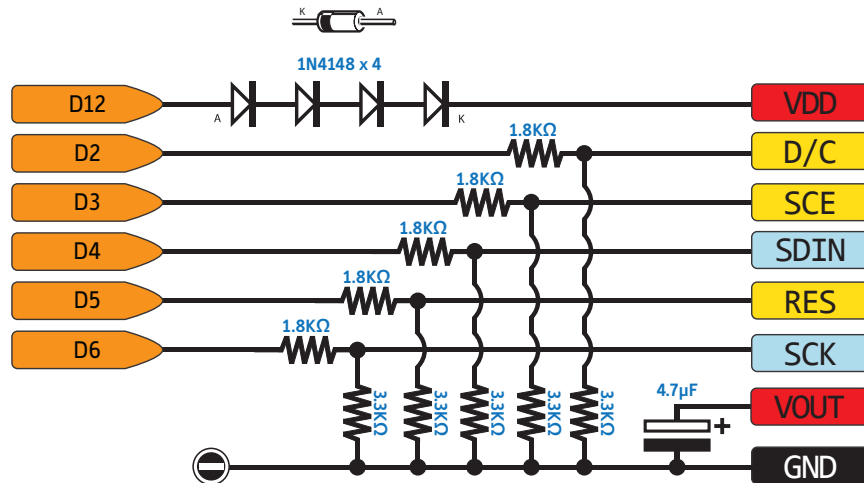
⚠ Only for 5V Arduino



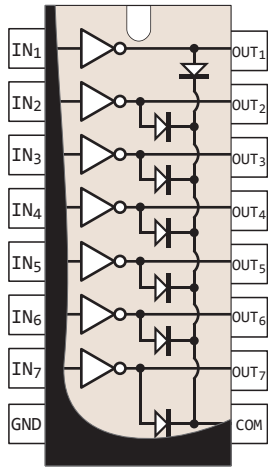
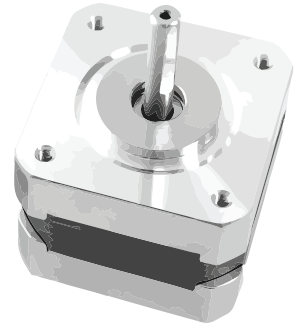
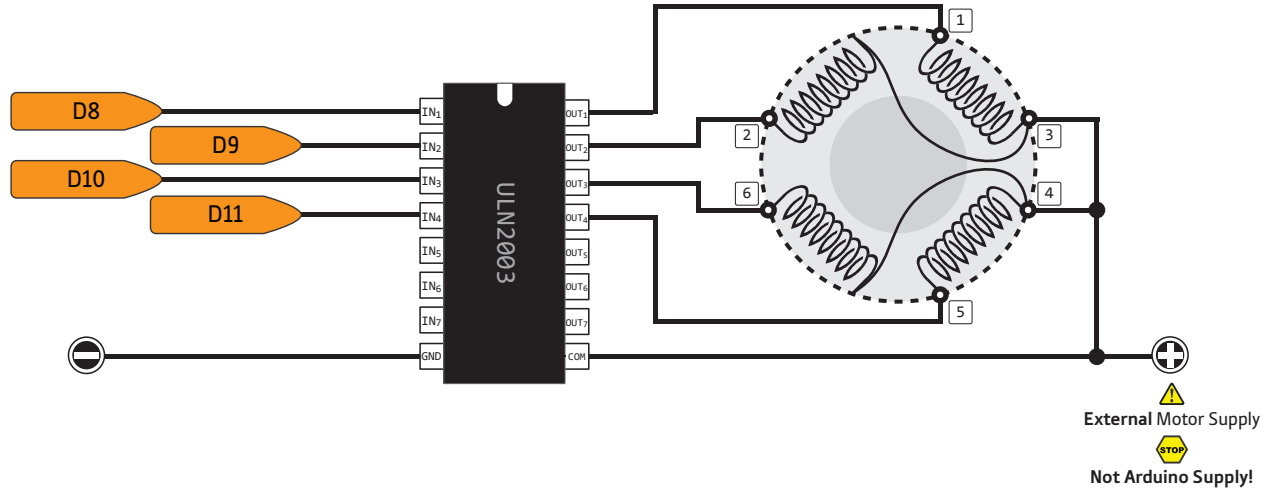
NOKIA 3110



NOKIA 5110

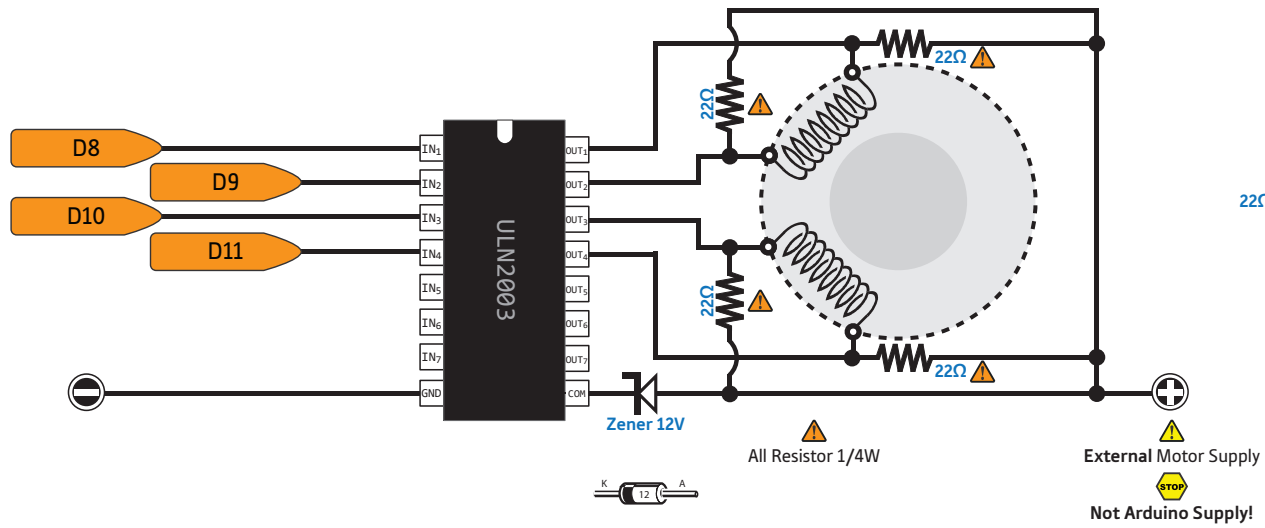


Drive a Unipolar Stepper (Basic 1)

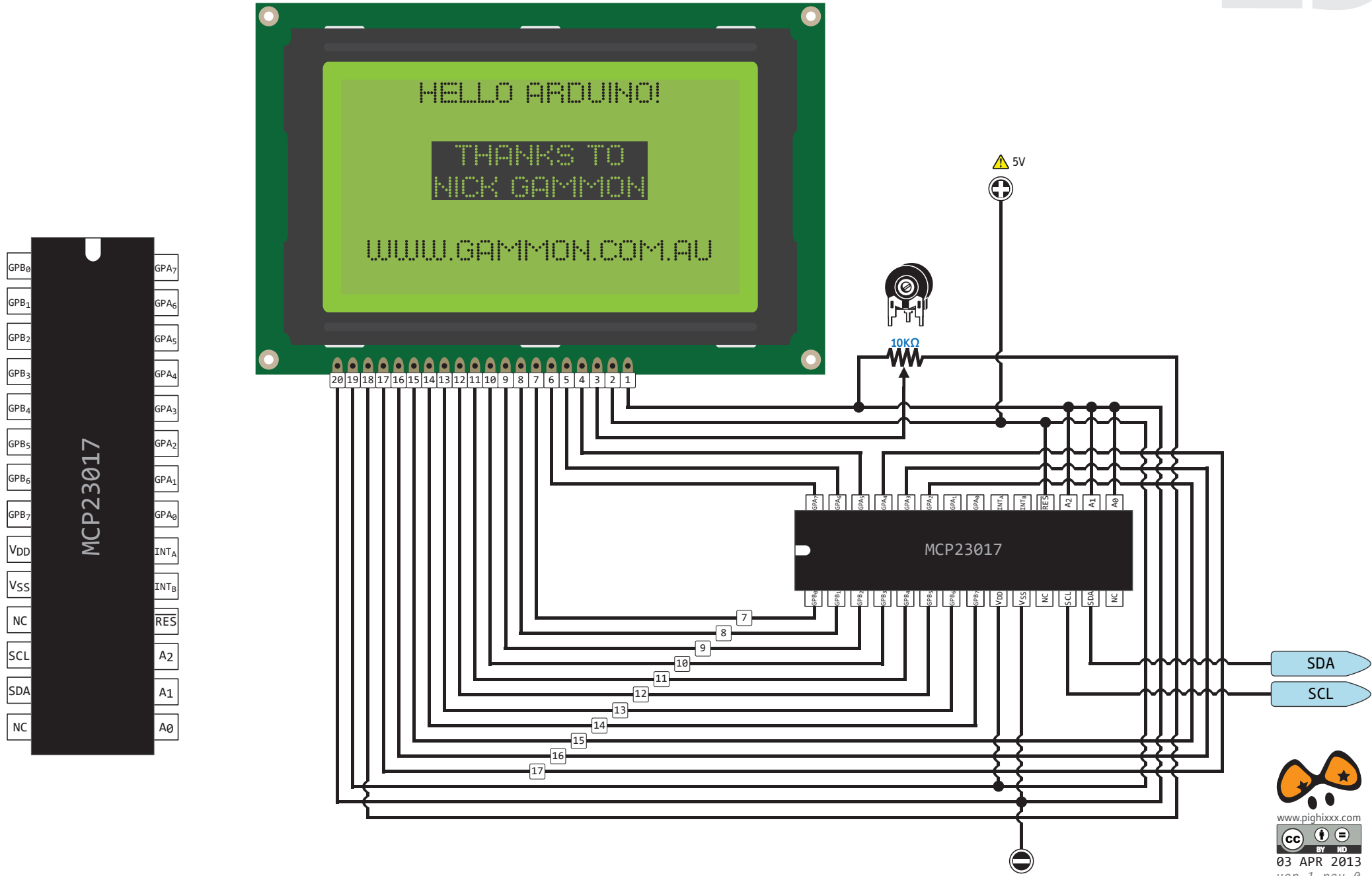


ULN2003

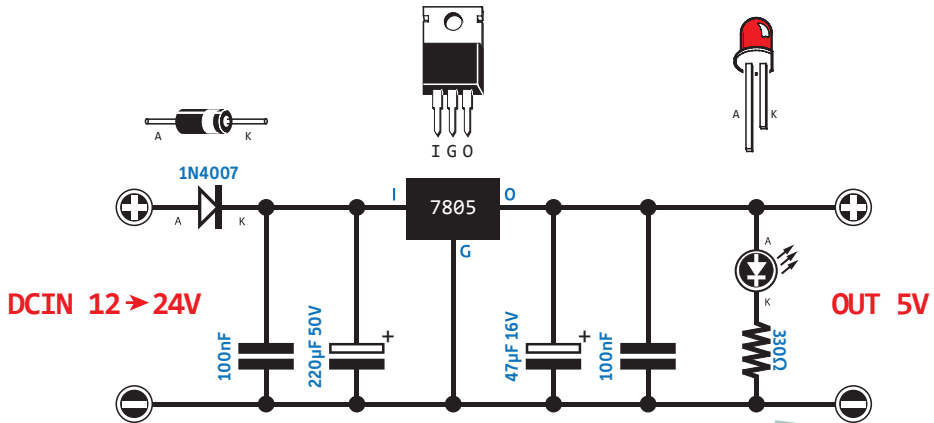
Drive a Bipolar Stepper (Basic 1)



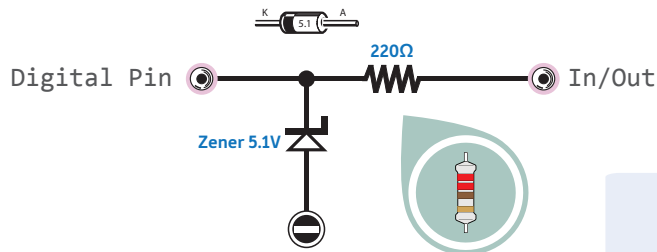
Connect a graphical LCD via I2C



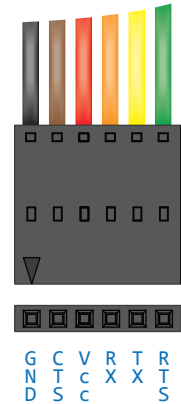
Simple 5V Power Supply



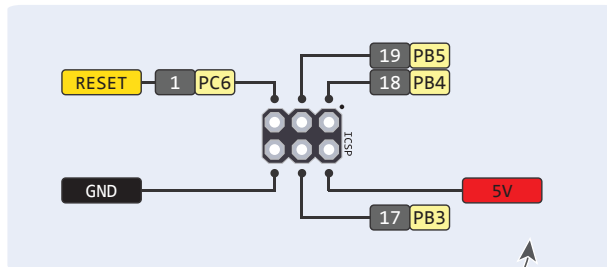
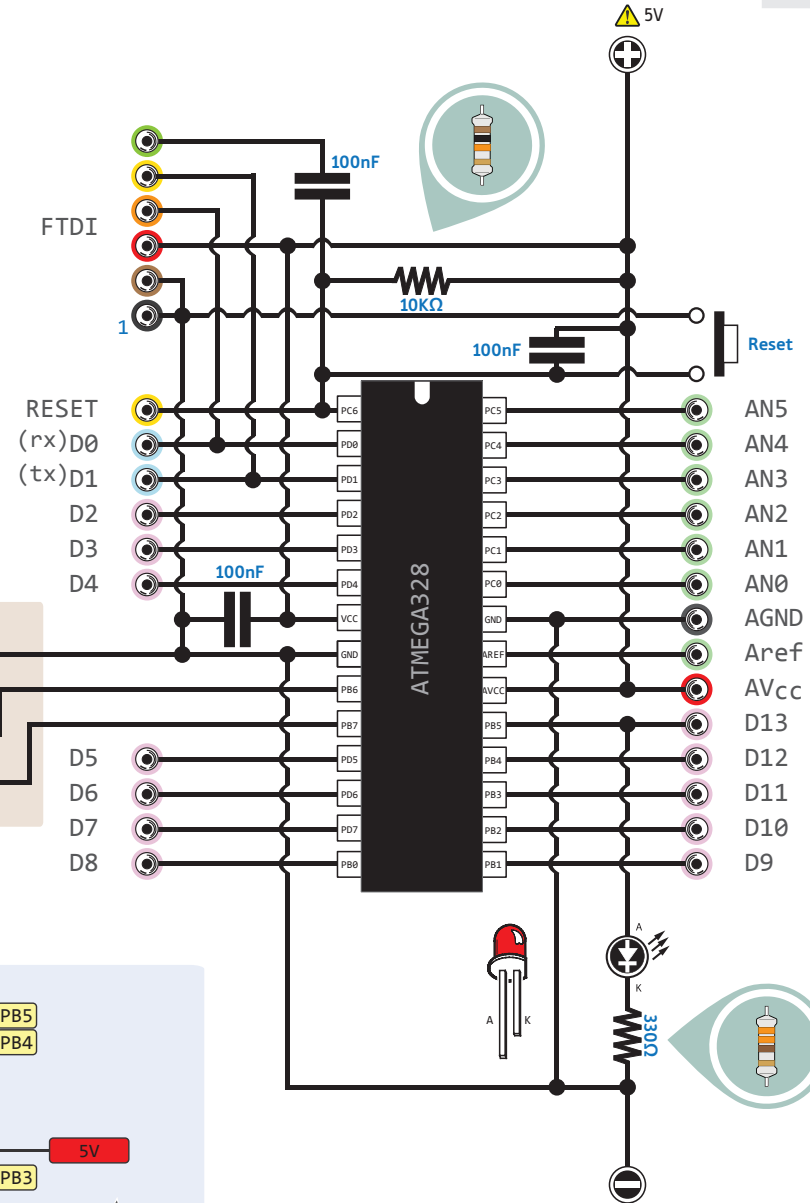
Protect a I/O Pin



FTDI Connector



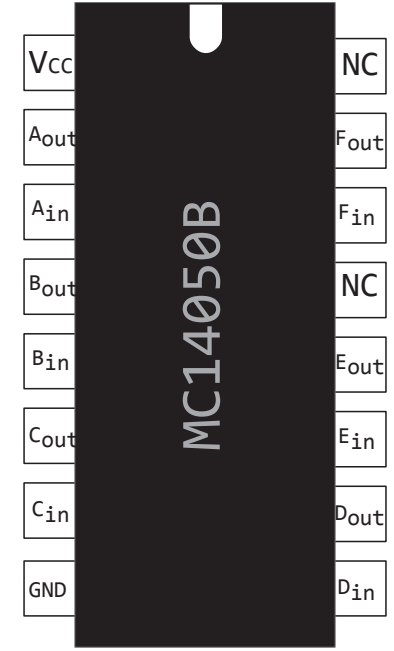
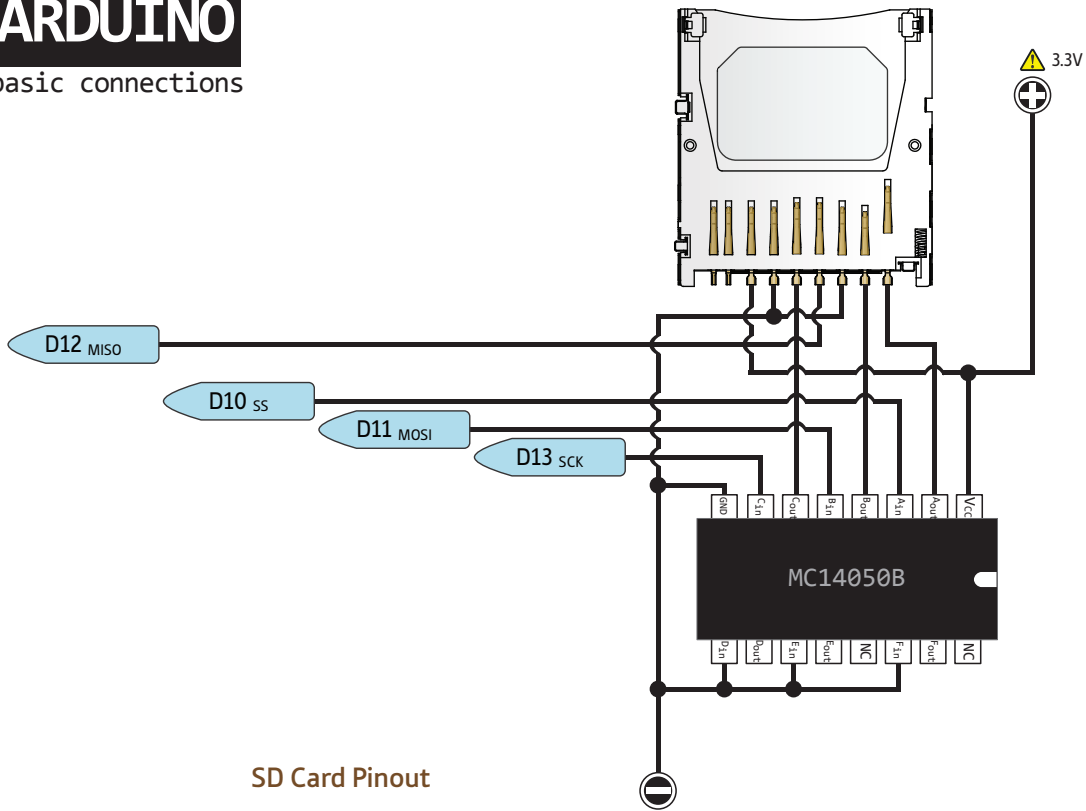
DIY Arduino



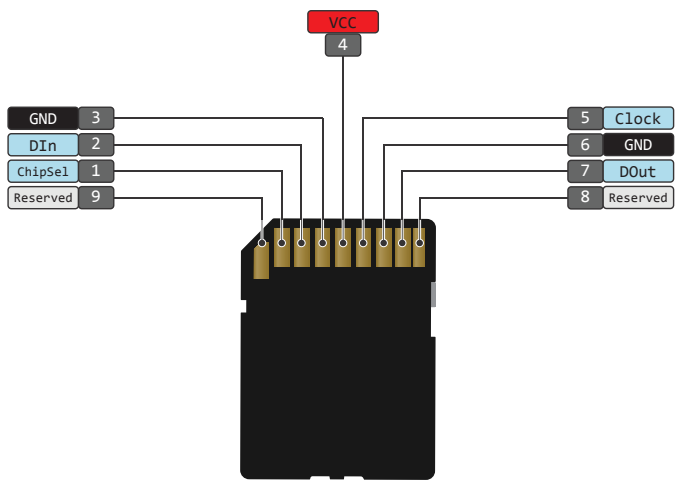
i Recommended ICSP pinout



Connect a SD Card

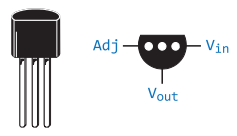
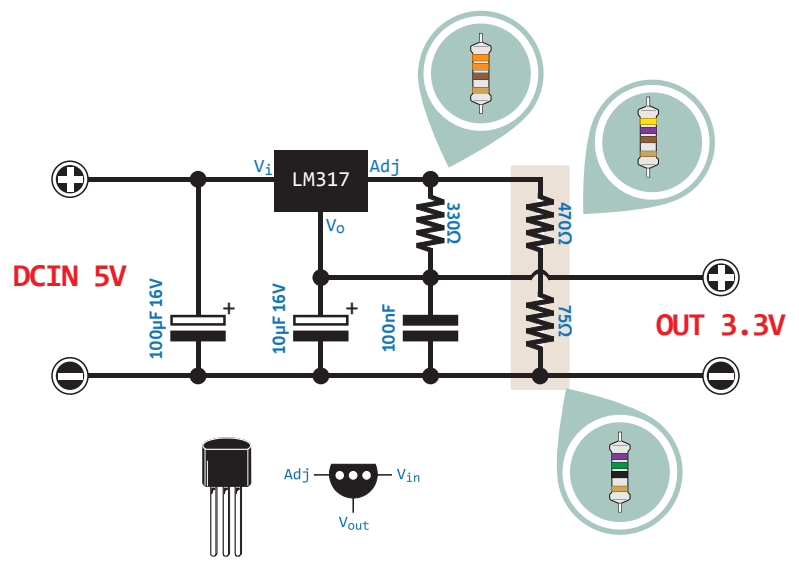


SD Card Pinout



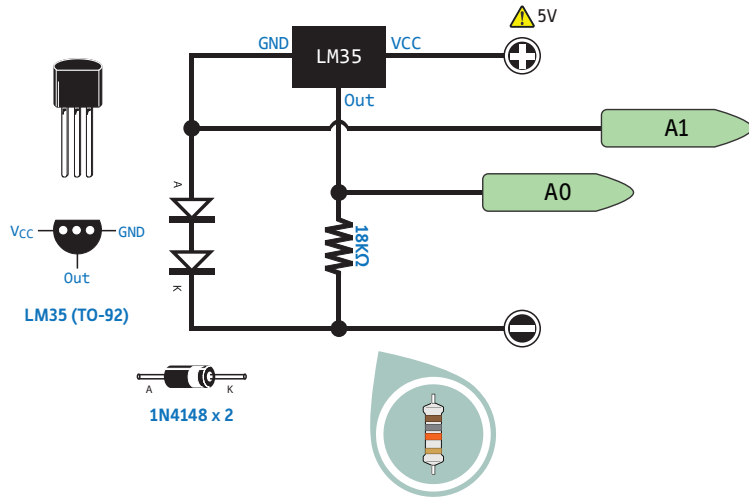
⚠ Only for 5V Arduino

Simple 3.3V Power Supply

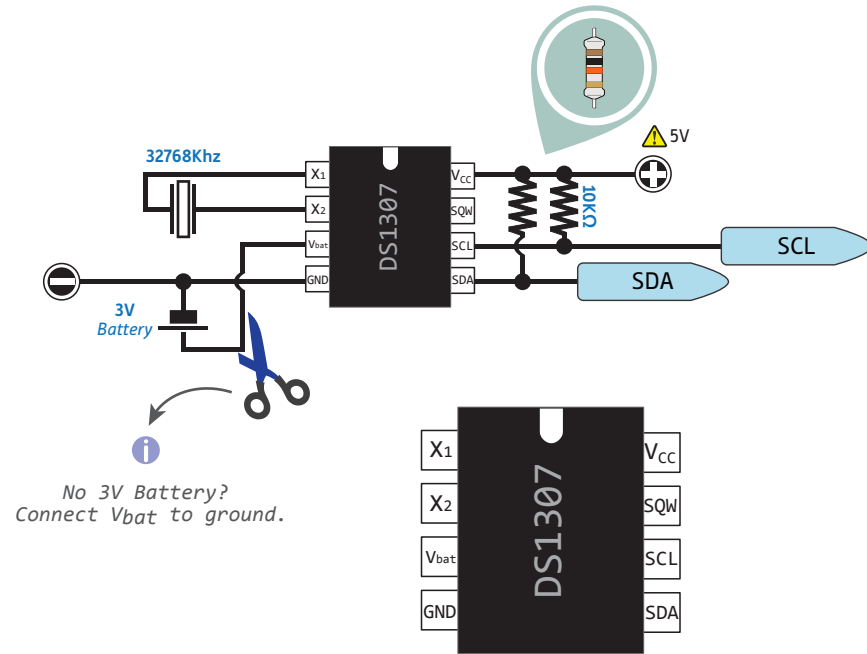


LM317 (TO-92)

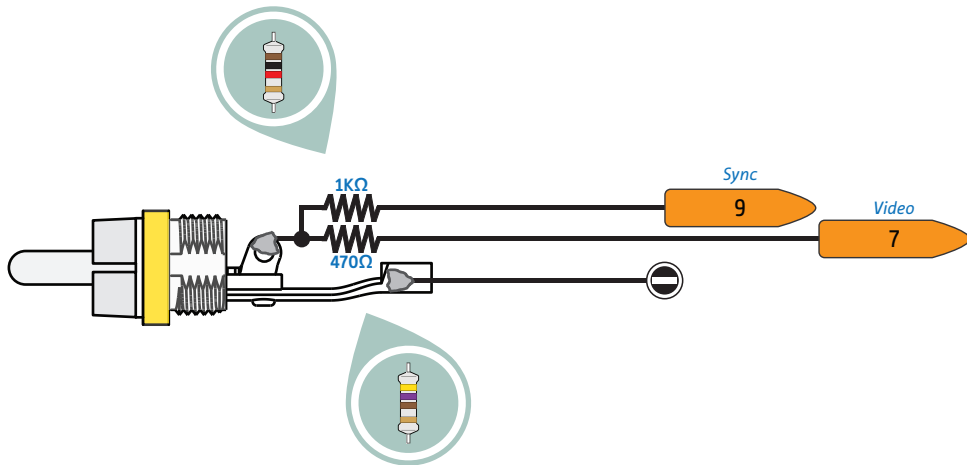
Connect a Temperature Sensor (LM35)



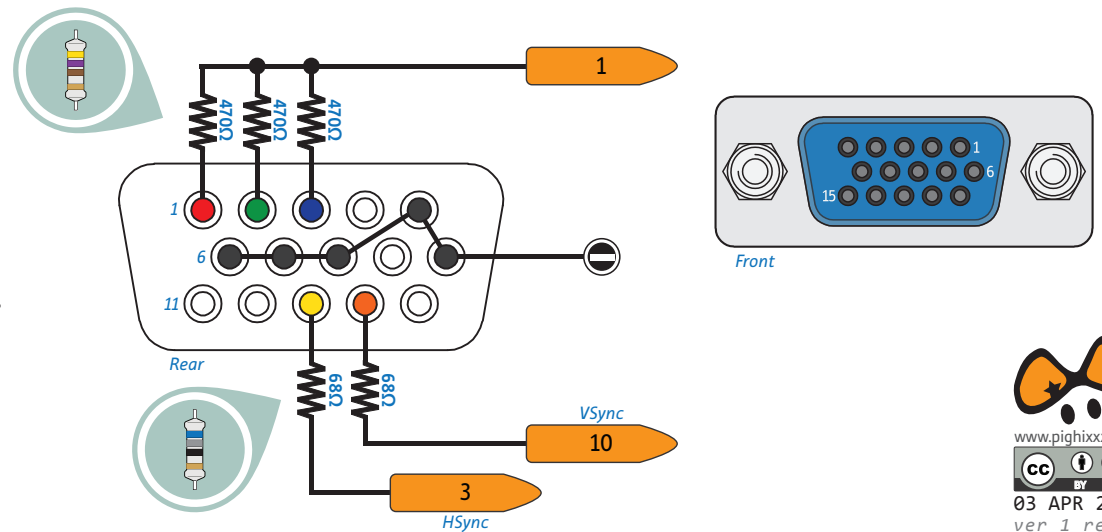
Connect a RTC (DS1307)



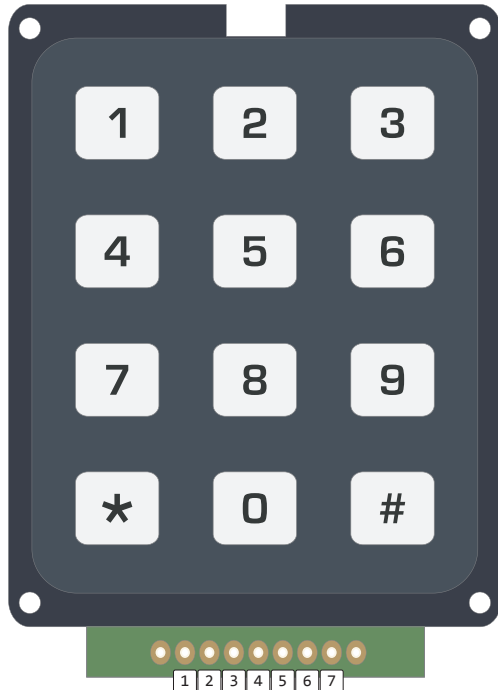
Connect to Composite Video



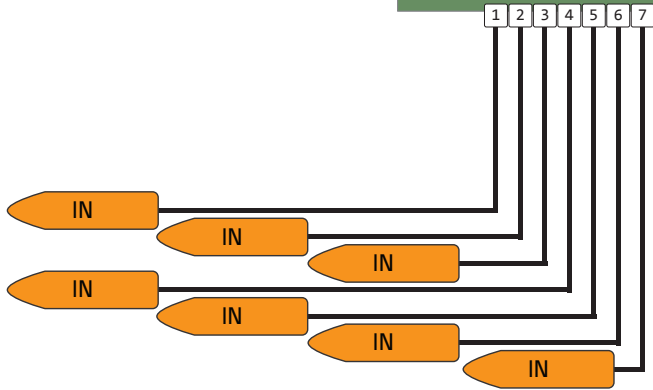
Connect to VGA



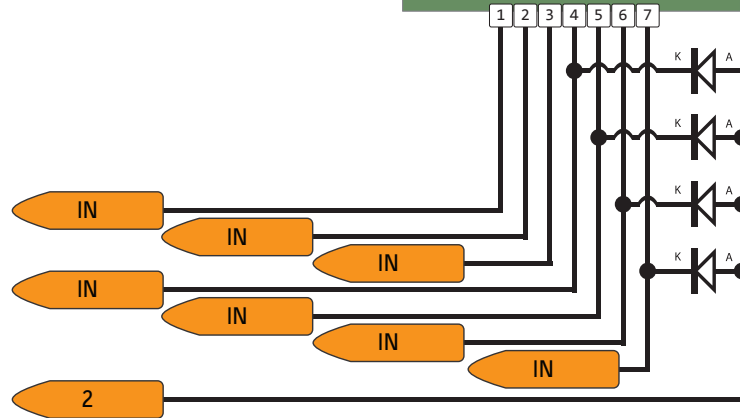
Connect a Keypad



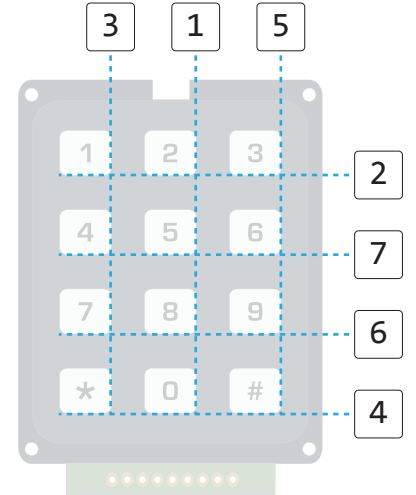
| | |
|---|-------|
| 1 | 2 + 3 |
| 2 | 1 + 2 |
| 3 | 2 + 5 |
| 4 | 3 + 7 |
| 5 | 1 + 7 |
| 6 | 5 + 7 |
| 7 | 3 + 6 |
| 8 | 1 + 6 |
| 9 | 5 + 6 |
| * | 3 + 4 |
| 0 | 1 + 4 |
| # | 4 + 5 |



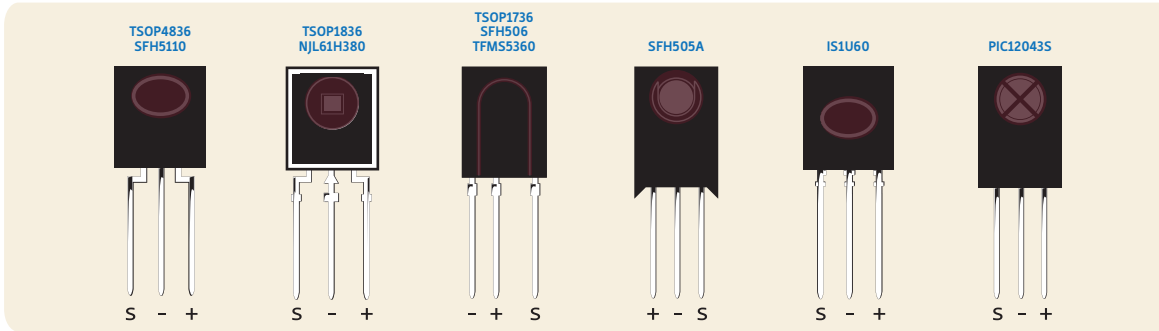
Connect a Keypad (with Interrupt)



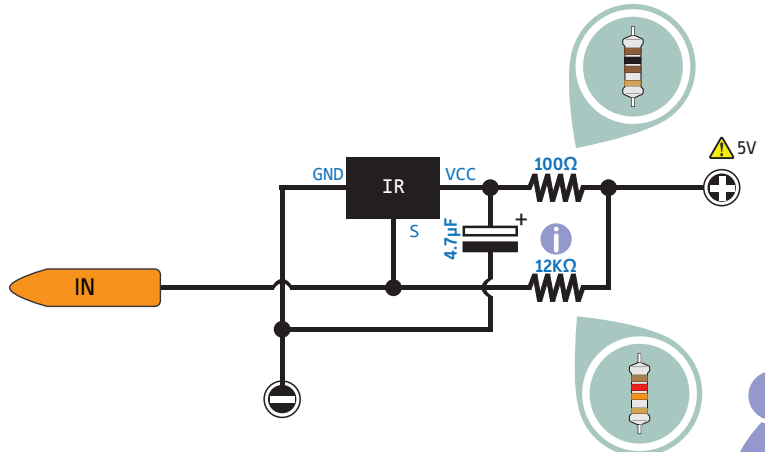
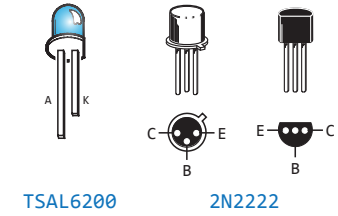
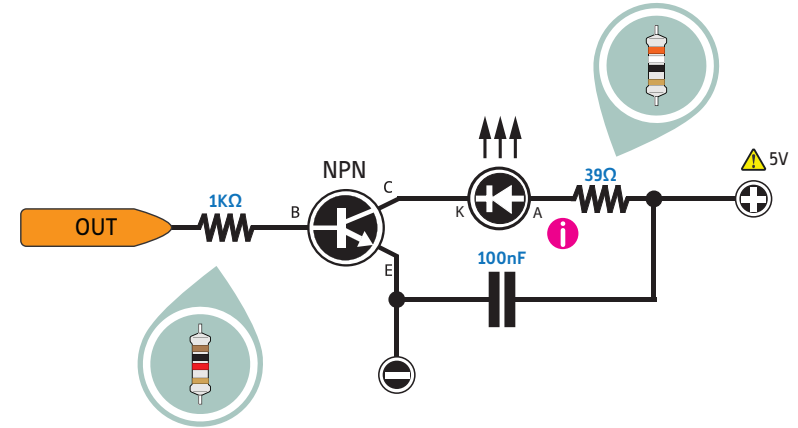

1N4148 x 4



Connect a IR Sensor



Connect a IR Emitter

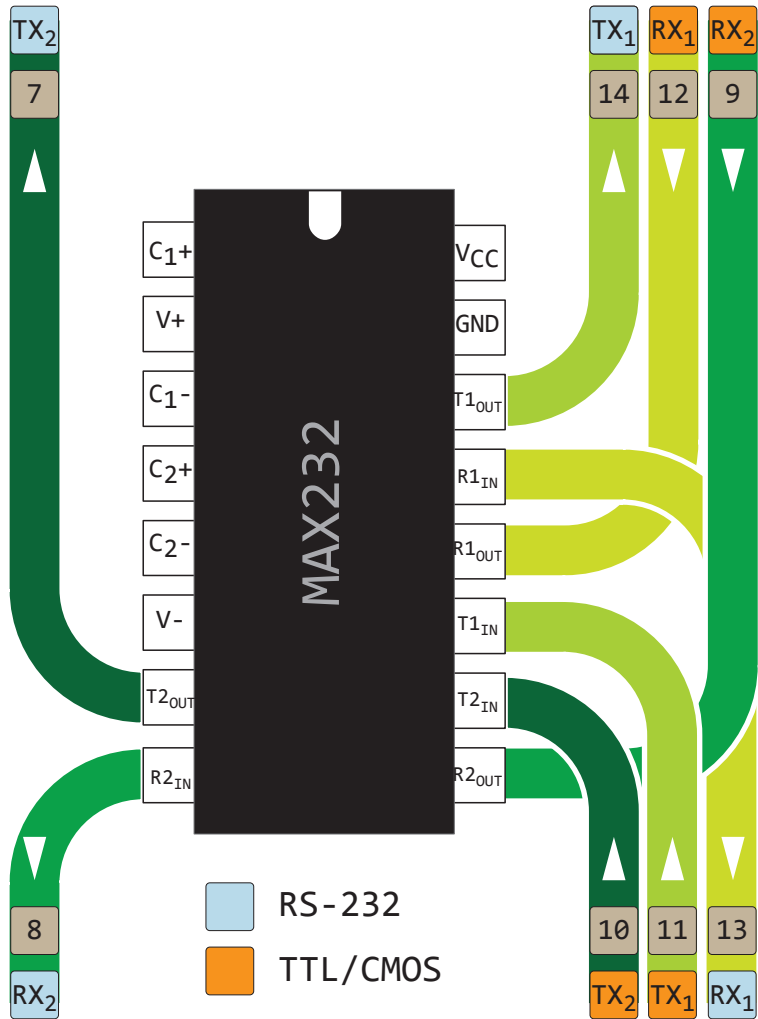


i
Reccomended
to suppress
power supply
disturbances

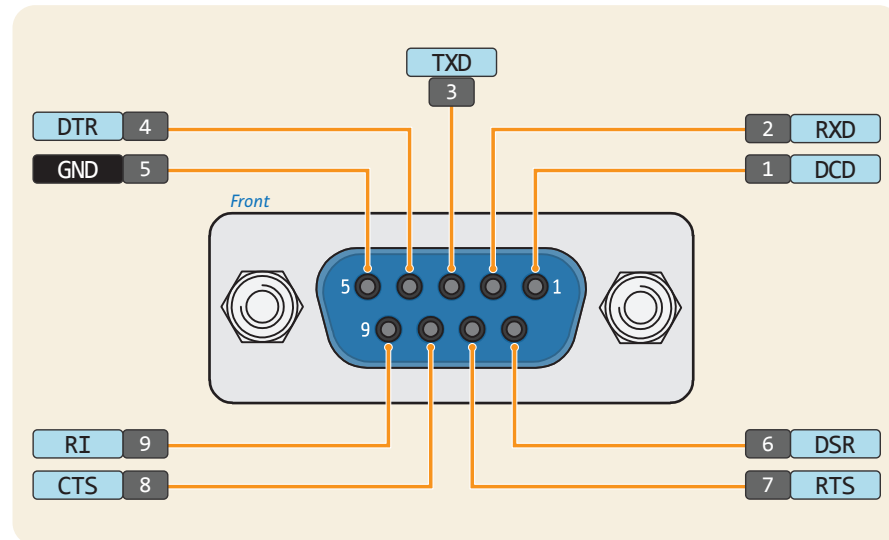
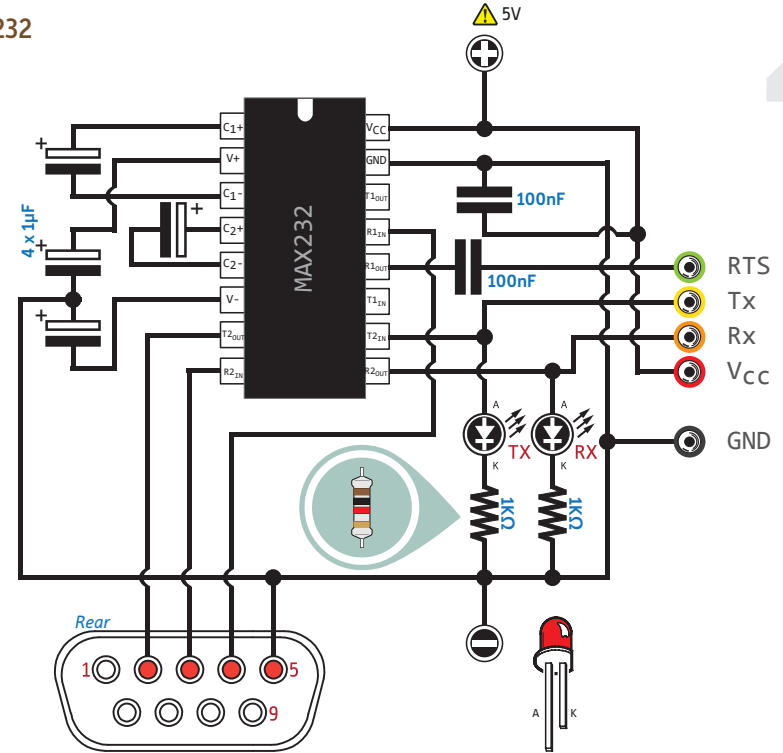
i

$$R = \frac{V_{in} - V_F}{I_F} * 1000$$

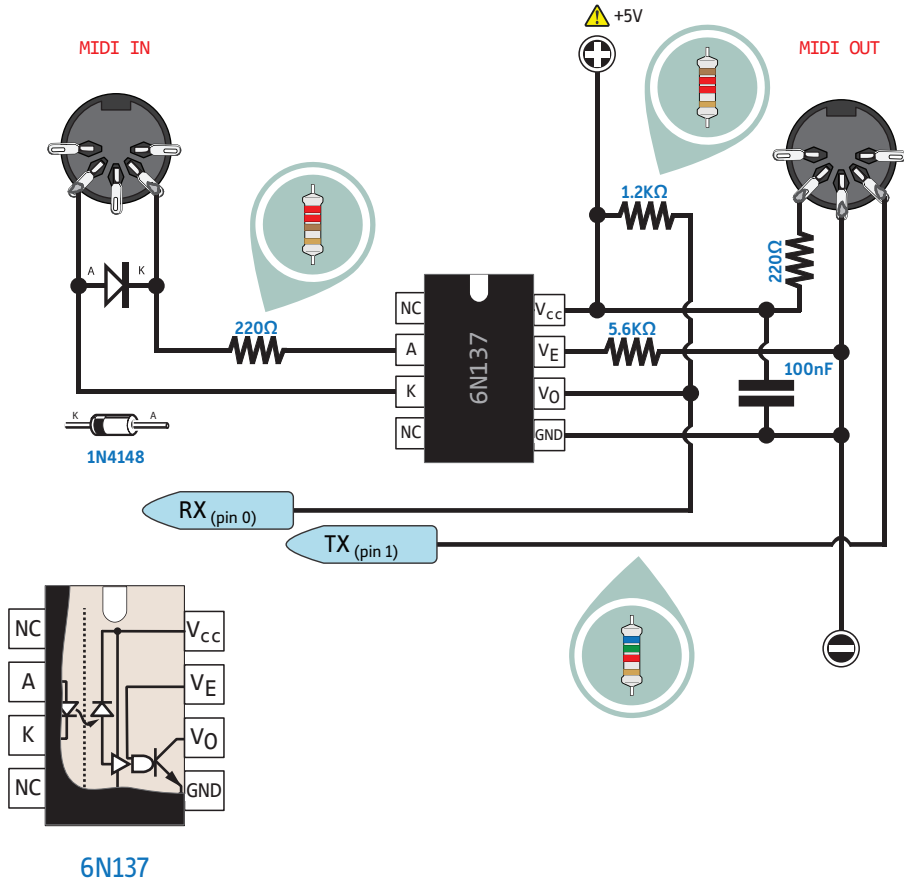
V_{in} Source Voltage
 V_F Forward Voltage Led
 I_F Forward Current Led



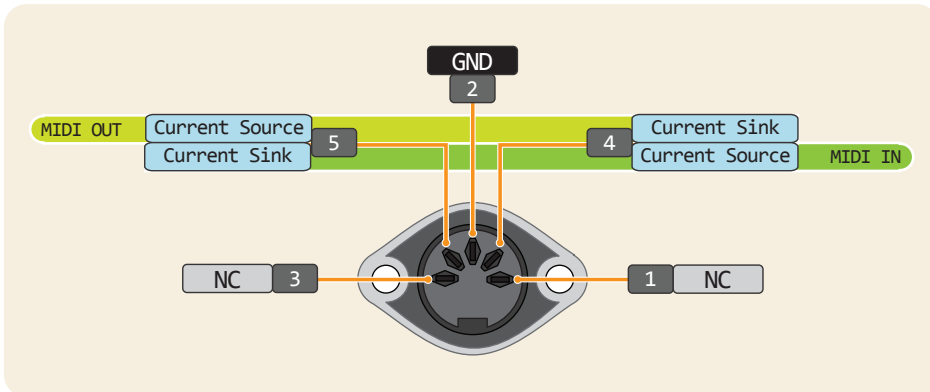
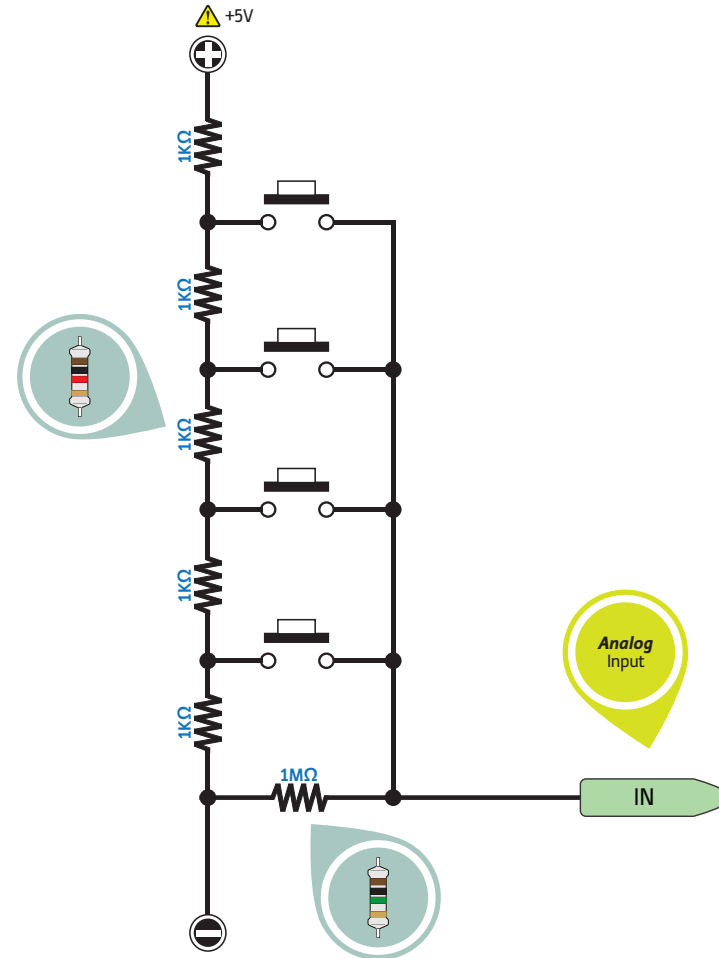
Connect a MAX232



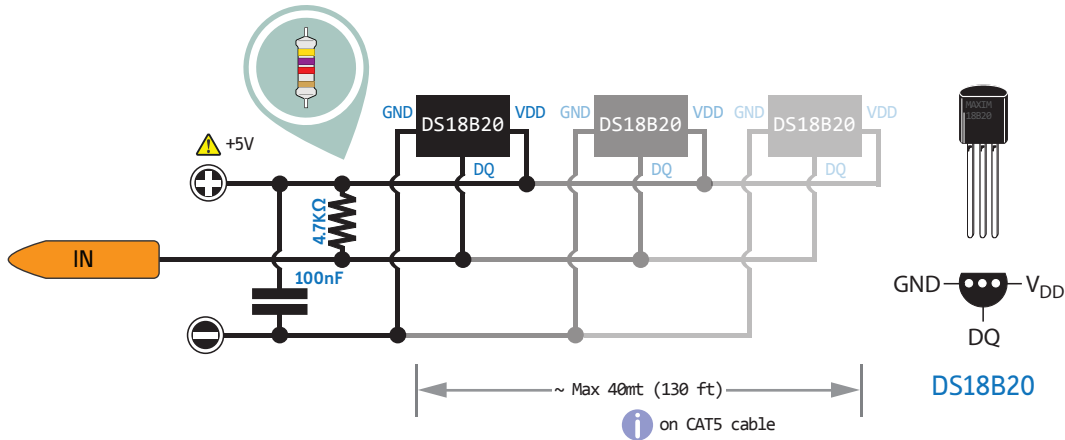
MIDI Interface



Multiple Buttons using 1 Analog Input



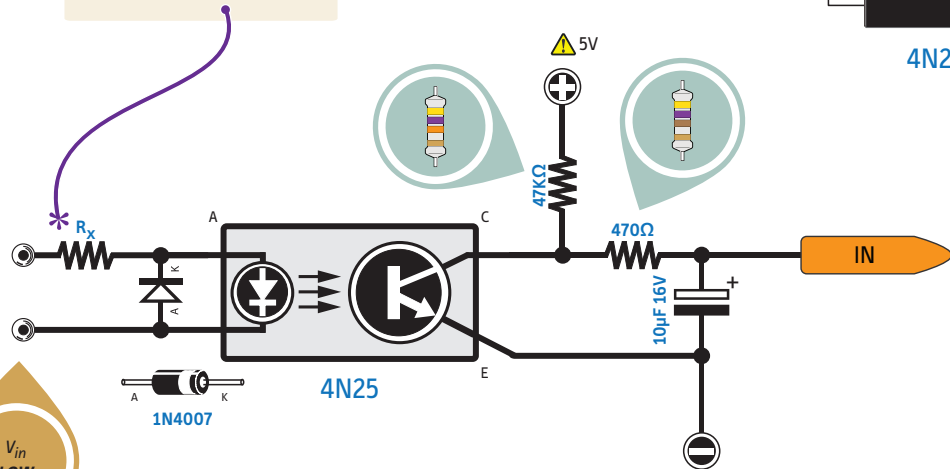
Connect a Digital Temperature Sensor (DS18B20)



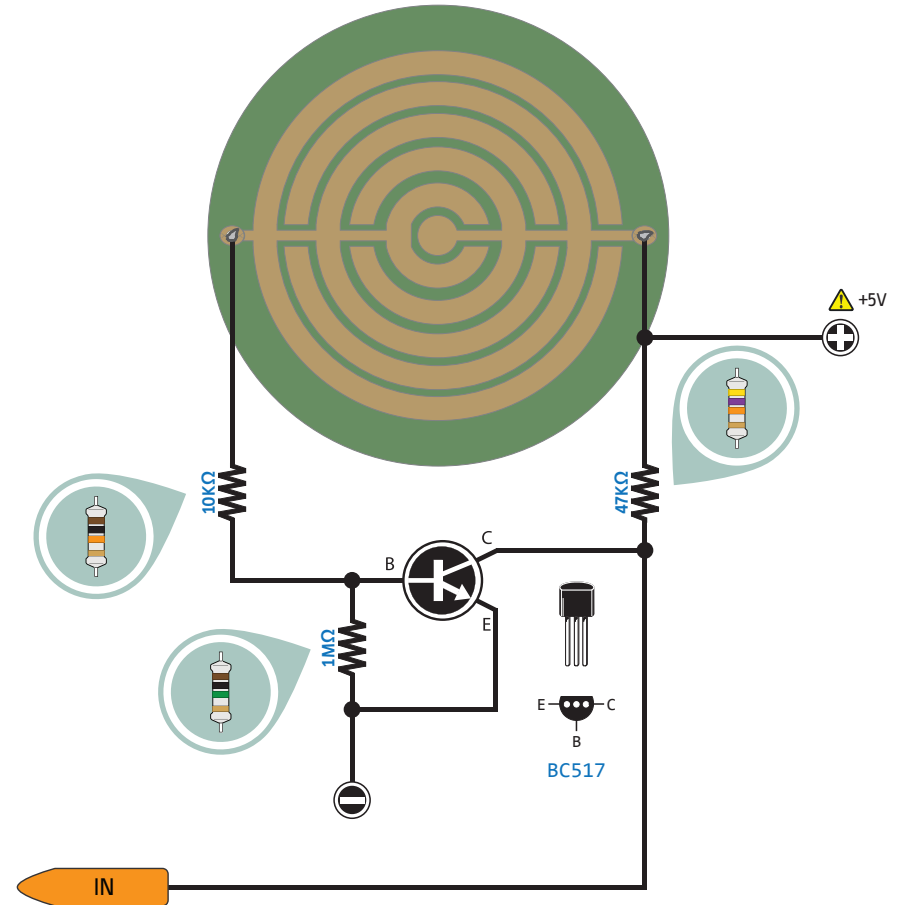
AC input

Volt_{in} Resistor Value

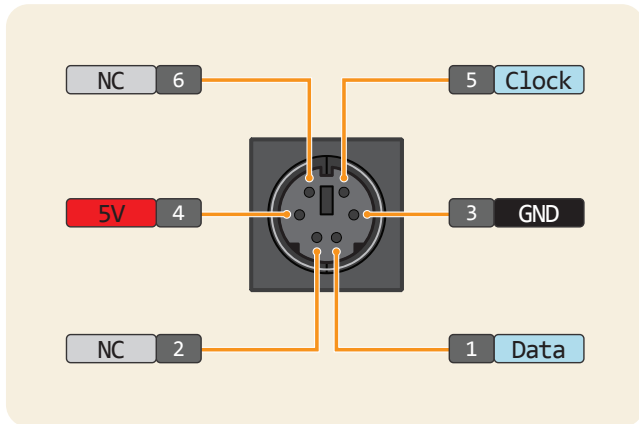
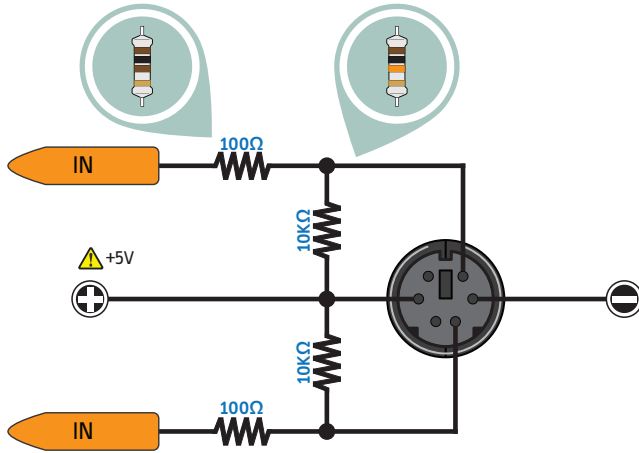
| | | |
|----|-------|--|
| 12 | 470Ω | |
| 24 | 1KΩ | |
| 48 | 2.2KΩ | |



A simple Rain Sensor with Arduino



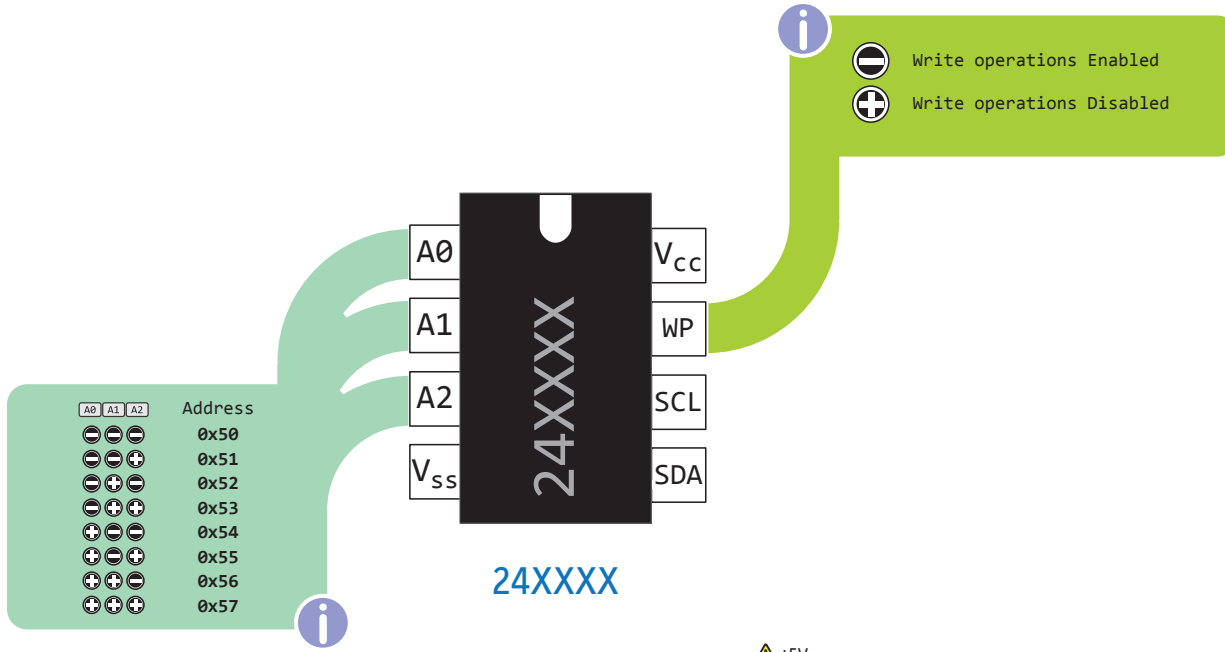
Connect a PS2 Keyboard



Scan Codes

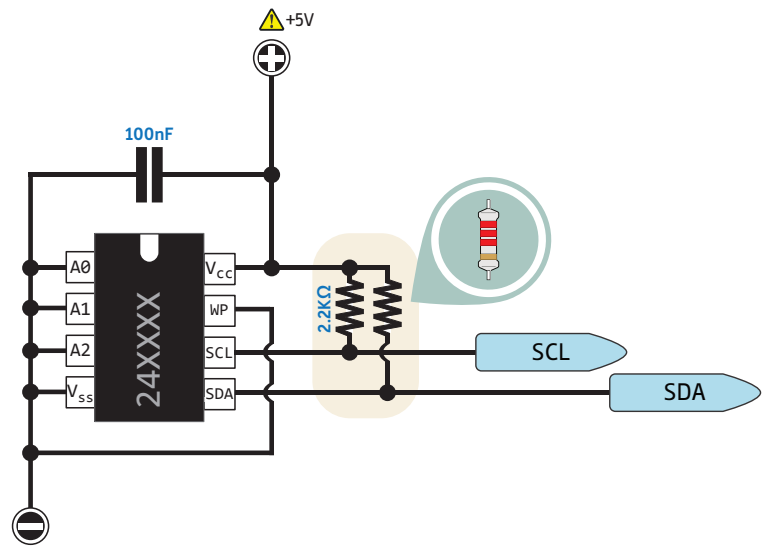


Connect a EEPROM via I2C



| A0 | A1 | A2 | Address |
|----|----|----|---------|
| ⊖ | ⊖ | ⊖ | 0x50 |
| ⊖ | ⊖ | ⊕ | 0x51 |
| ⊖ | ⊕ | ⊖ | 0x52 |
| ⊖ | ⊕ | ⊕ | 0x53 |
| ⊕ | ⊖ | ⊖ | 0x54 |
| ⊕ | ⊖ | ⊕ | 0x55 |
| ⊕ | ⊕ | ⊖ | 0x56 |
| ⊕ | ⊕ | ⊕ | 0x57 |

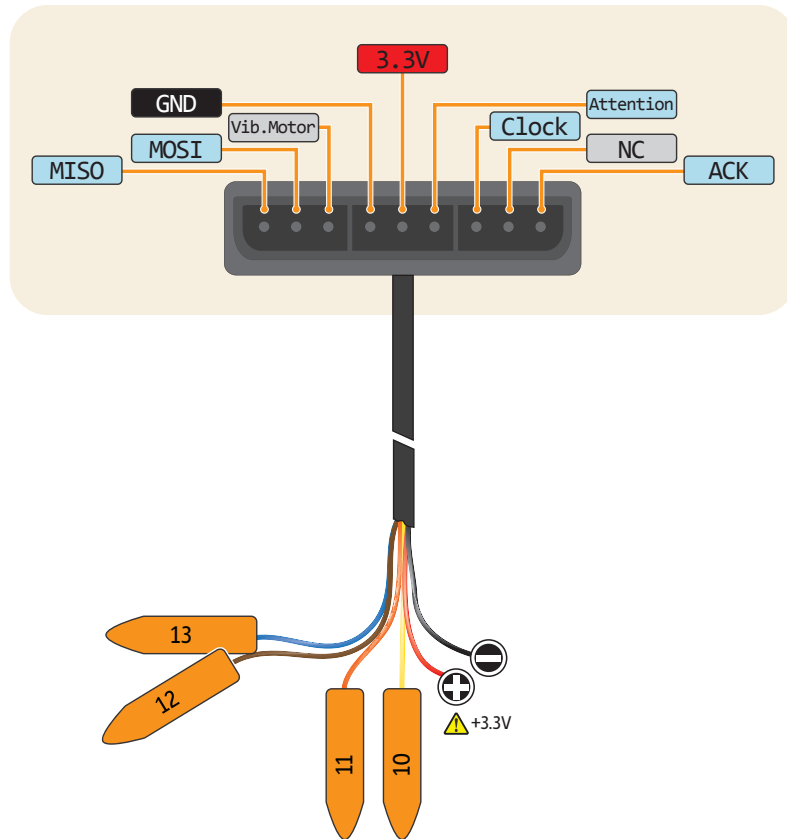
24XXXX



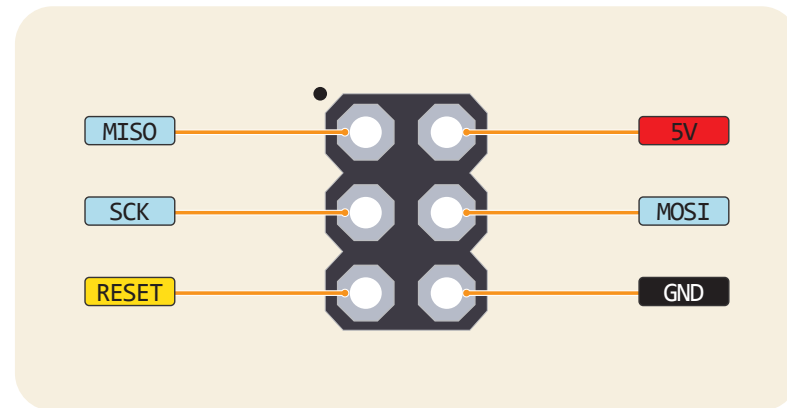
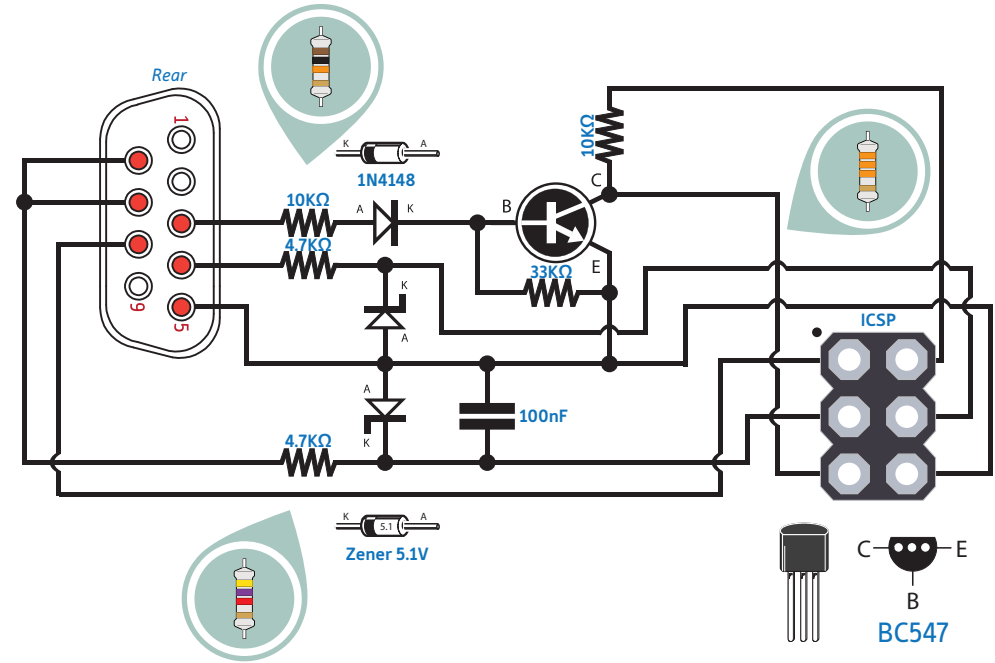
| | | | |
|----------|------|-----------|-------|
| ⊖x24x01x | 1Kb | ⊖x24x32x | 32Kb |
| ⊖x24x02x | 2Kb | ⊖x24x64x | 64Kb |
| ⊖x24x04x | 4Kb | ⊖x24x128x | 128Kb |
| ⊖x24x08x | 8Kb | ⊖x24x256x | 256Kb |
| ⊖x24x16x | 16Kb | ⊖x24x512x | 512Kb |



Connect a PS2 Dualshock® controller

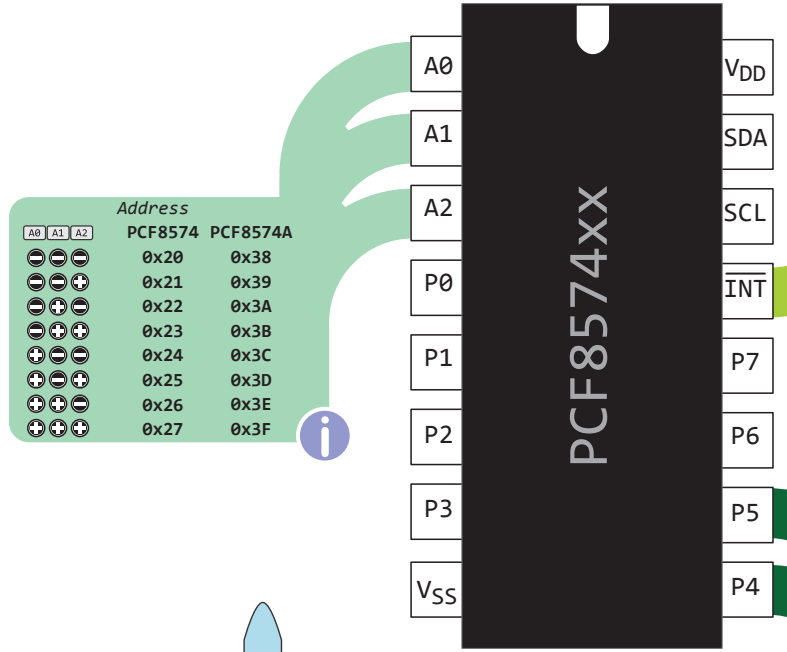


A Simple programmer



Port Expander (PCF8574xx)

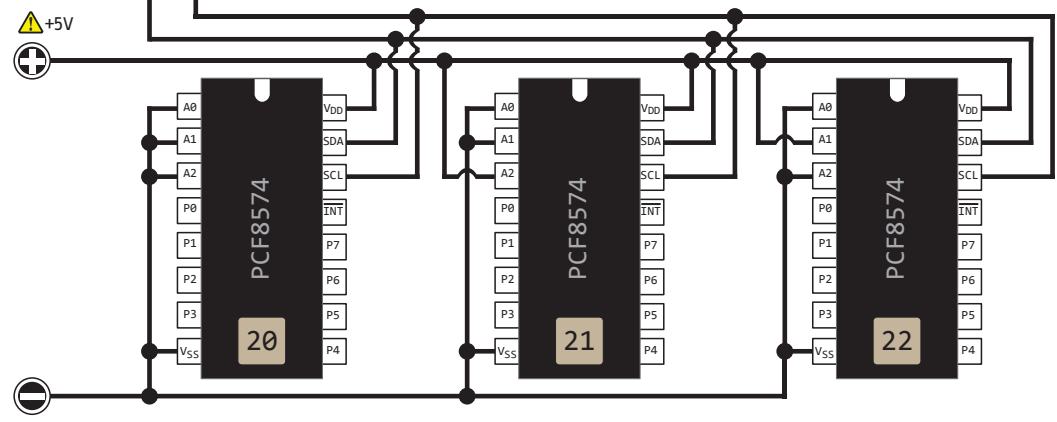
i PCF8574xx informs the microprocessor that there is incoming data or a change of data on its ports without having to communicate via the I2C communication bus.



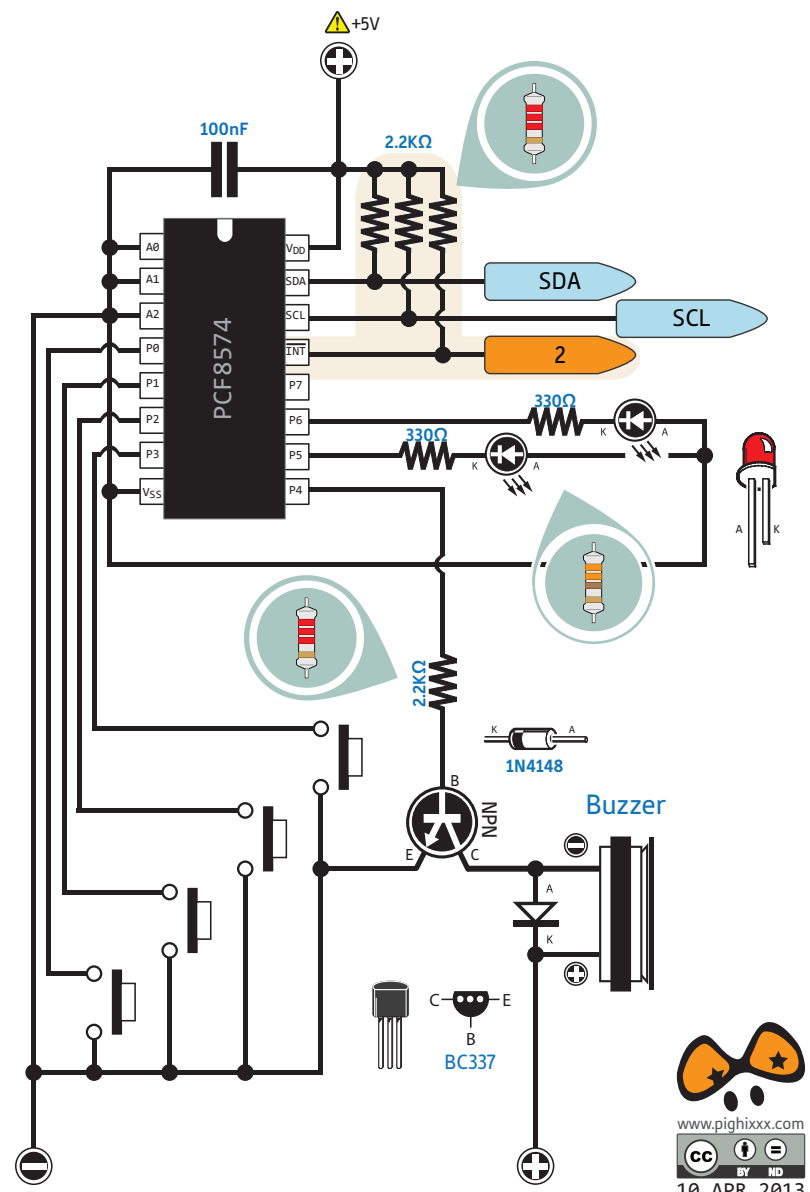
- !** Absolute max per pin 25mA
- STOP** Absolute max 150mA for entire package

i In applications requiring additional drive, two port pins may be connected together to sink up to 50-mA current.

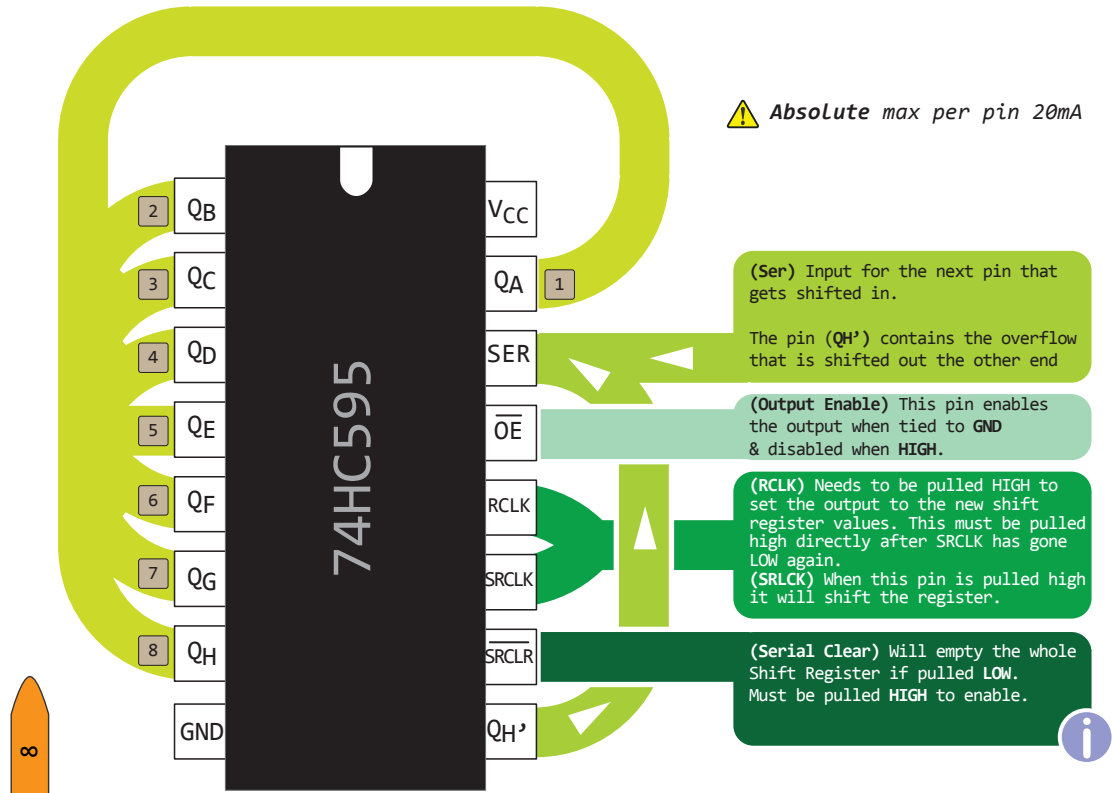
How to connect multiple devices



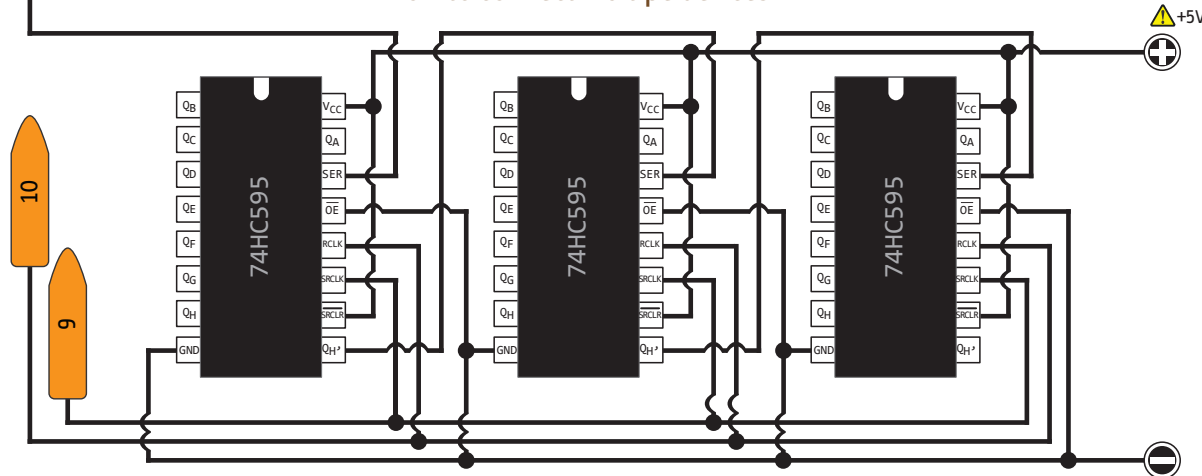
A typical Application



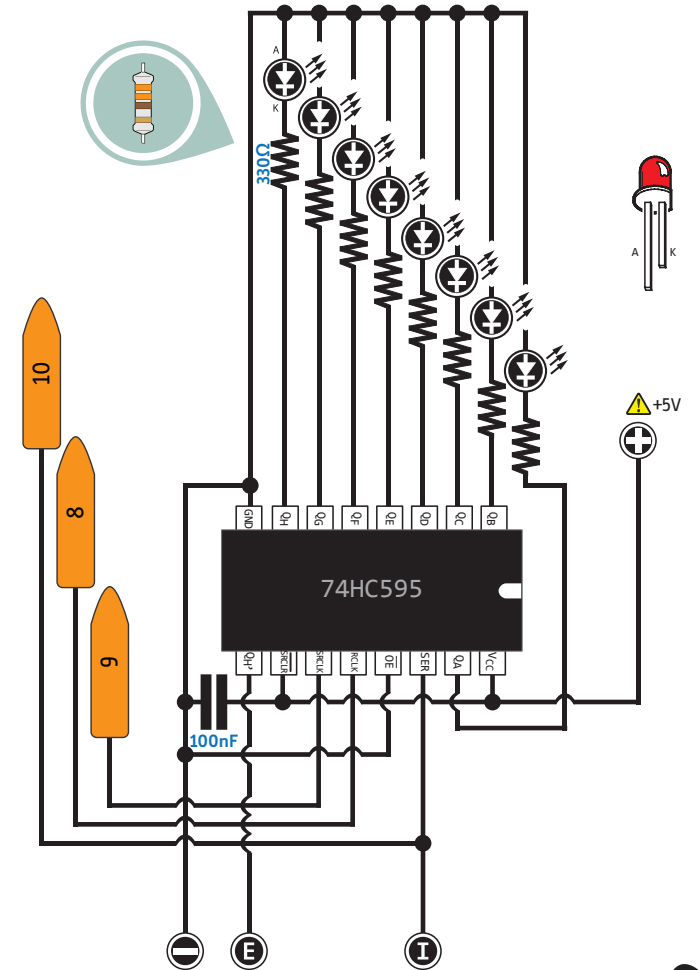
Shift Register (74HC595)



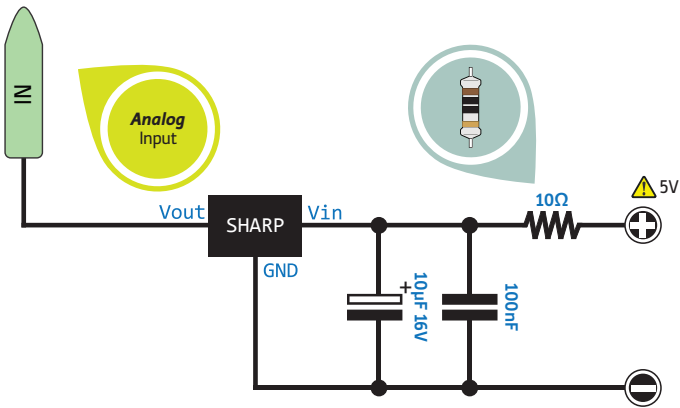
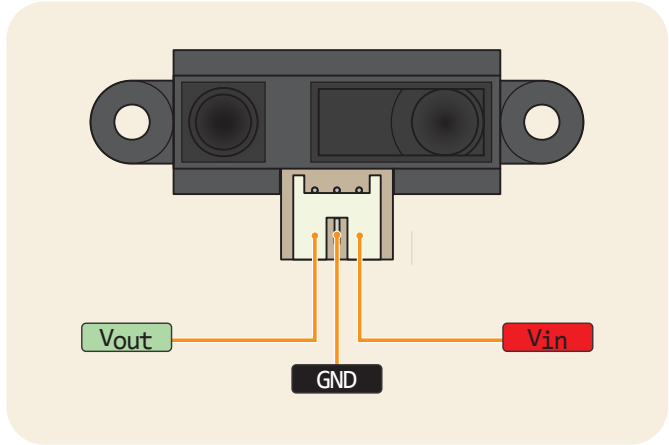
How to connect multiple devices



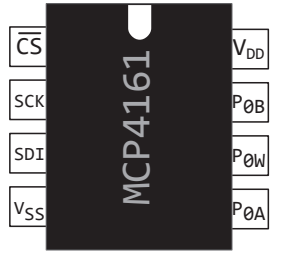
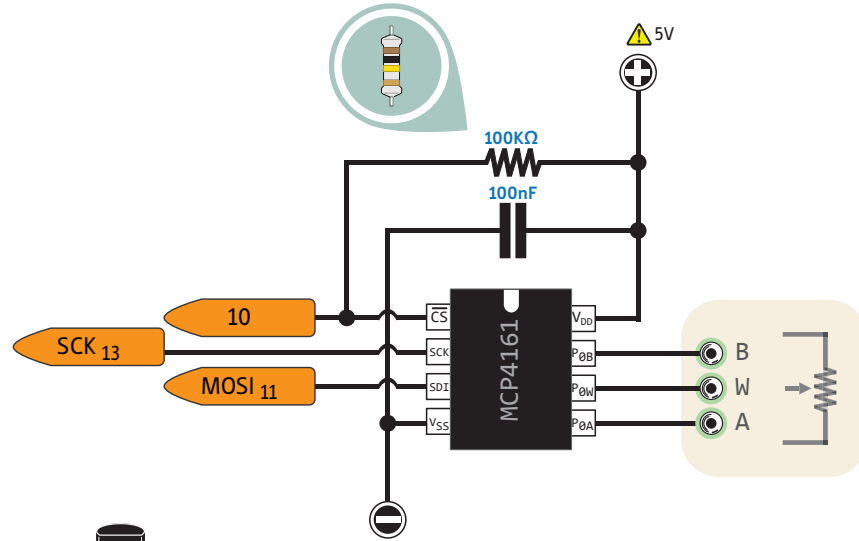
A typical Application



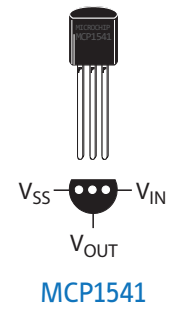
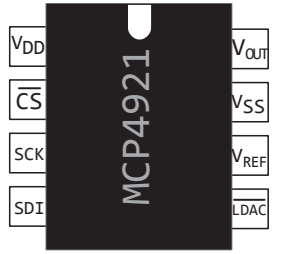
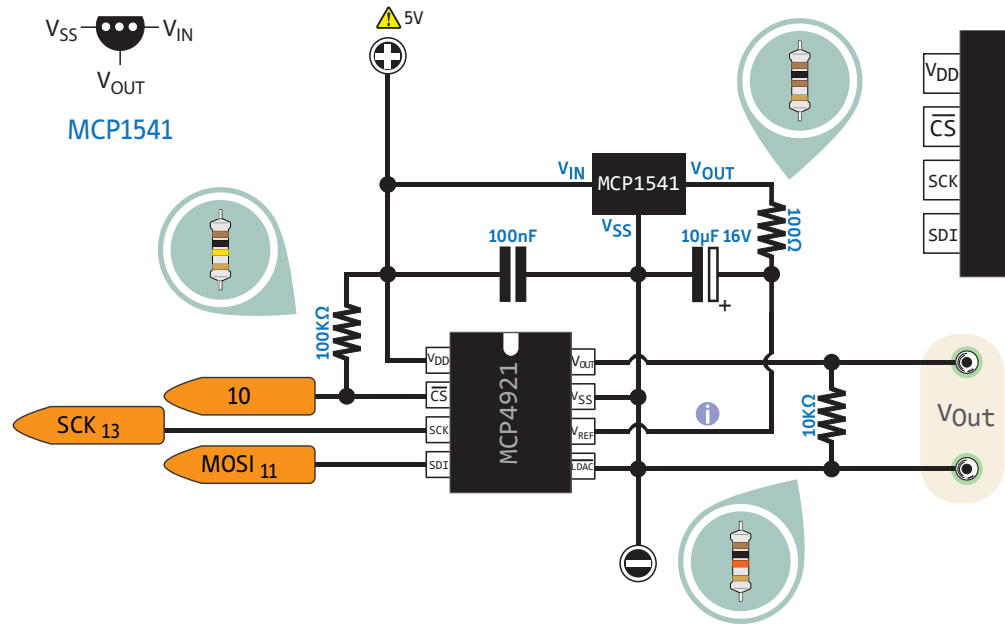
Connect a Distance Sensor (Sharp GP2Y0A21)



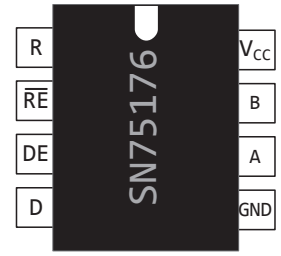
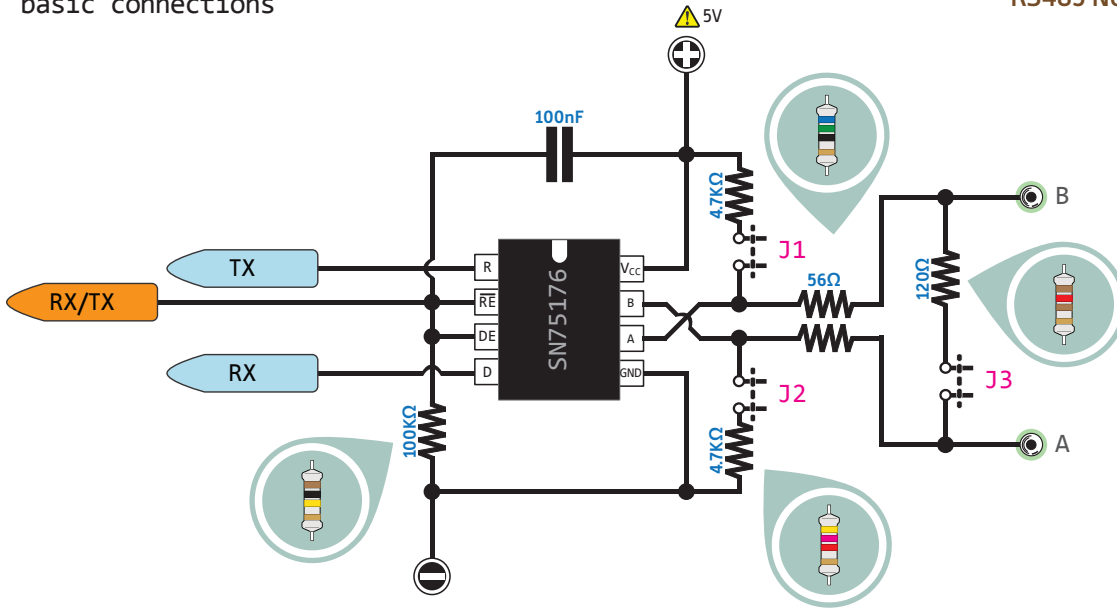
Connect a Digital Potentiometer (MCP4161)



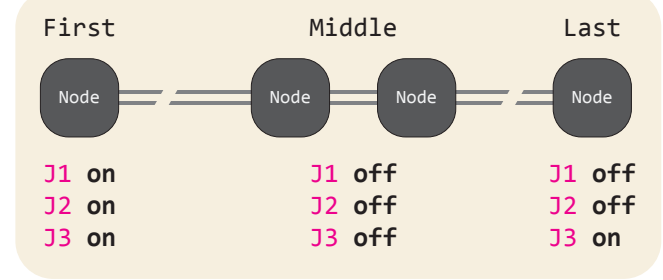
Connect a DAC (MCP4921)



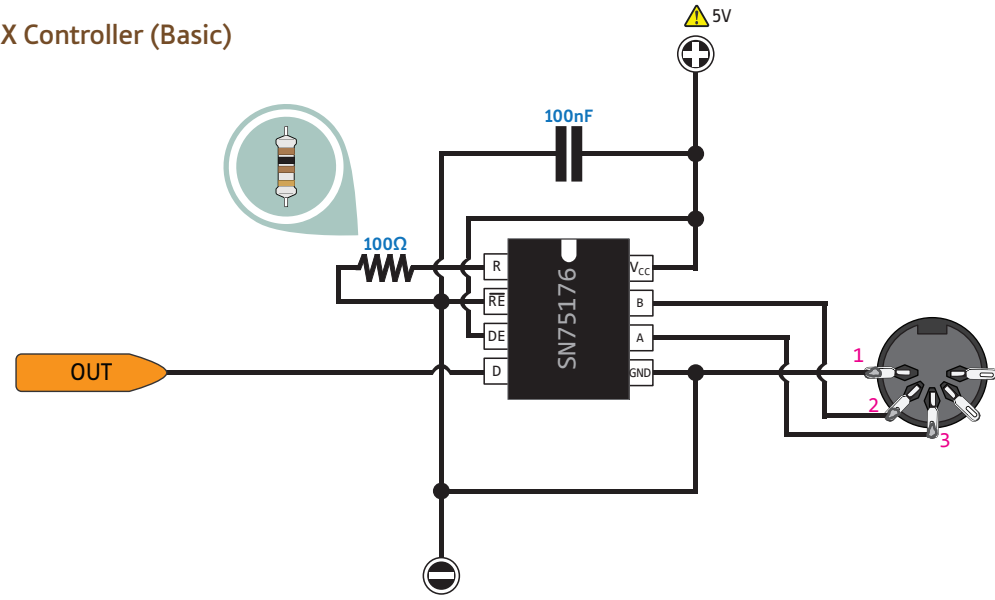
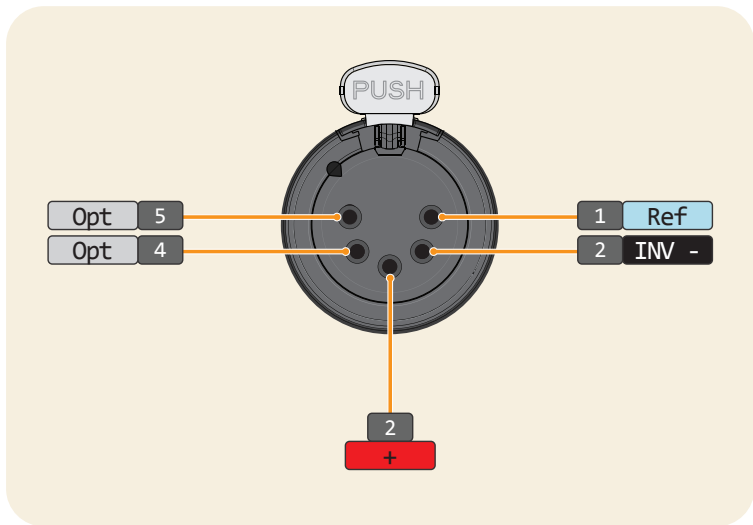
RS485 Node



Node termination jumpers config

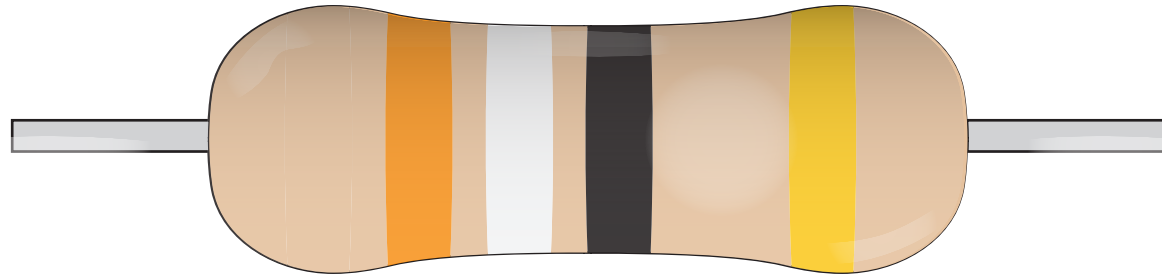


DMX Controller (Basic)



TOLERANCE

| | |
|--------|------|
| GOLD | ±5% |
| SILVER | ±10% |



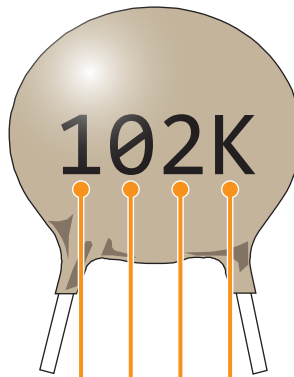
| | | | |
|--------|---|---|-------------|
| BLACK | 0 | 0 | x1Ω |
| BROWN | 1 | 1 | x10Ω |
| RED | 2 | 2 | x100Ω |
| ORANGE | 3 | 3 | x1,000Ω |
| YELLOW | 4 | 4 | x10,000Ω |
| GREEN | 5 | 5 | x100,000Ω |
| BLUE | 6 | 6 | x1,000,000Ω |
| VIOLET | 7 | 7 | |
| GRAY | 8 | 8 | |
| WHITE | 9 | 9 | |

KΩ = x1,000Ω

MΩ = x1,000,000Ω

MULTIPLIER

Ceramic Capacitor Code



= 1,000pF - ±10%

Significant Digit

1st


2nd

Multiplier


| | |
|---|-----------|
| 0 | none |
| 1 | 10 |
| 2 | 100 |
| 3 | 1,000 |
| 4 | 10,000 |
| 5 | 100,000 |
| 6 | 1,000,000 |
| 7 | |
| 8 | |
| 9 | |

| | |
|---|-----------|
| C | ±0.25pF |
| J | ±5% |
| K | ±10% |
| M | ±20% |
| D | ±0.5pF |
| Z | +80% -20% |


1,000



1



0.001

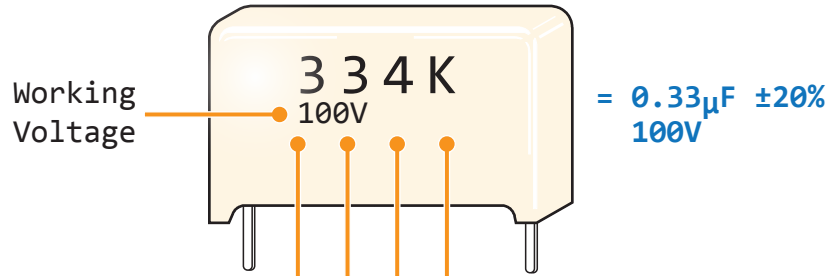


| | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-------|----|------|-----|-----|-------|
| 1 | 1p0 | 1pF | 10 | 10pF | 101 | n10 | 100pF |
| 1.2 | 1p2 | 1.2pF | 12 | 12pF | 121 | n12 | 120pF |
| 1.5 | 1p5 | 1.5pF | 15 | 15pF | 151 | n15 | 150pF |
| 1.8 | 1p8 | 1.8pF | 18 | 18pF | 181 | n18 | 180pF |
| 2.2 | 2p2 | 2.2pF | 22 | 22pF | 221 | n21 | 220pF |
| 2.7 | 2p7 | 2.7pF | 27 | 27pF | 271 | n27 | 270pF |
| 3.3 | 3p3 | 3.3pF | 33 | 33pF | 331 | n33 | 330pF |
| 3.9 | 3p9 | 3.9pF | 39 | 39pF | 391 | n39 | 390pF |
| 4.7 | 4p7 | 4.7pF | 47 | 47pF | 471 | n47 | 470pF |
| 5.6 | 5p6 | 5.6pF | 56 | 56pF | 561 | n56 | 560pF |
| 6.8 | 6p8 | 6.8pF | 68 | 68pF | 681 | n68 | 680pF |
| 8.2 | 8p2 | 8.2pF | 82 | 82pF | 821 | n82 | 820pF |





Polyester Film-Mylar Capacitor Code



= 0.33 μ F \pm 20%
100V

Significant Digit

1st

2nd

Multiplier

| | |
|---|---------|
| 0 | none |
| 1 | 10 |
| 2 | 100 |
| 3 | 1,000 |
| 4 | 10,000 |
| 5 | 100,000 |
| 6 | |
| 7 | |
| 8 | |
| 9 | |

| | |
|---|------|
| F | 1~2% |
| G | 2% |
| J | 5% |
| K | 10% |
| M | 20% |

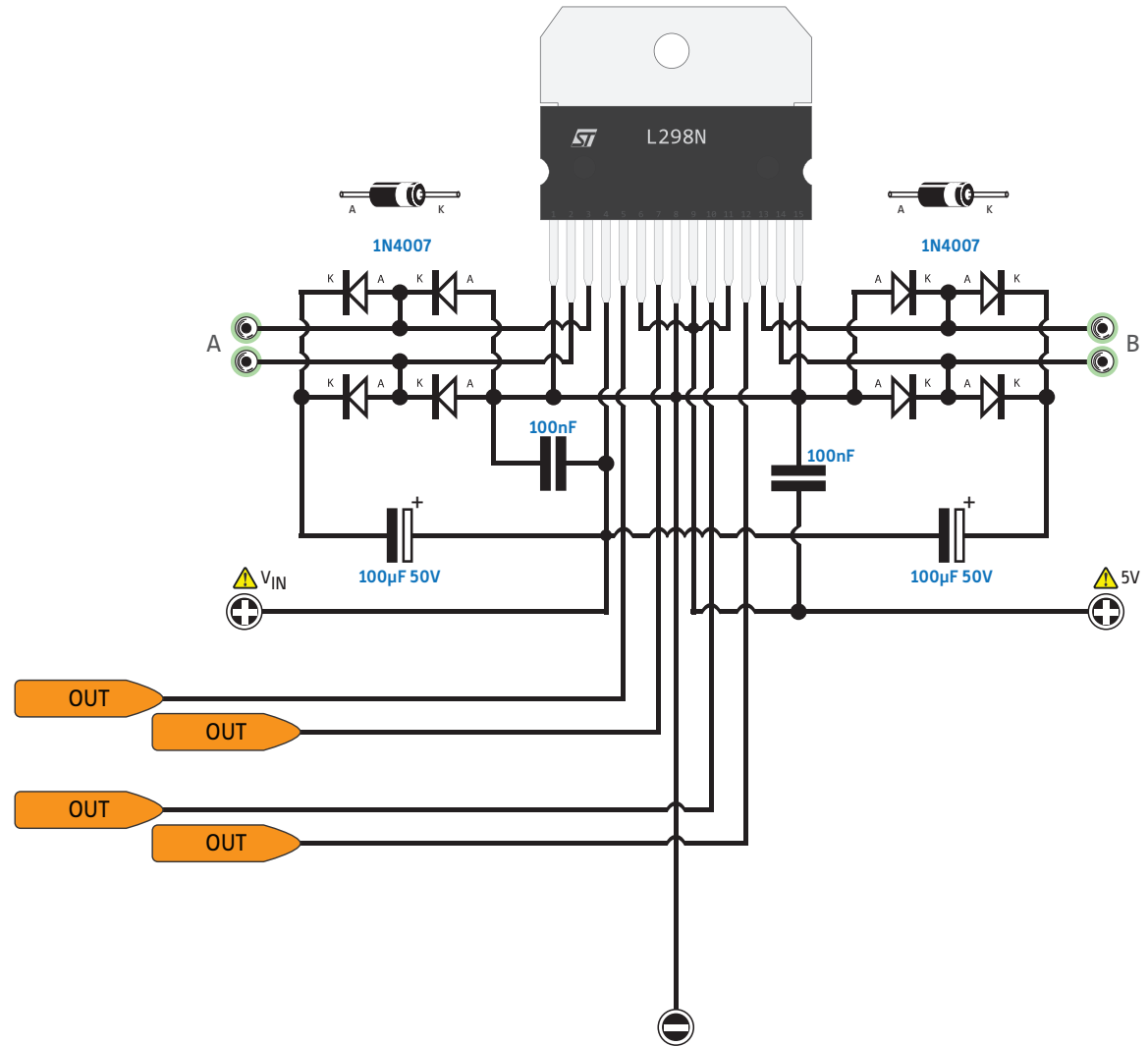
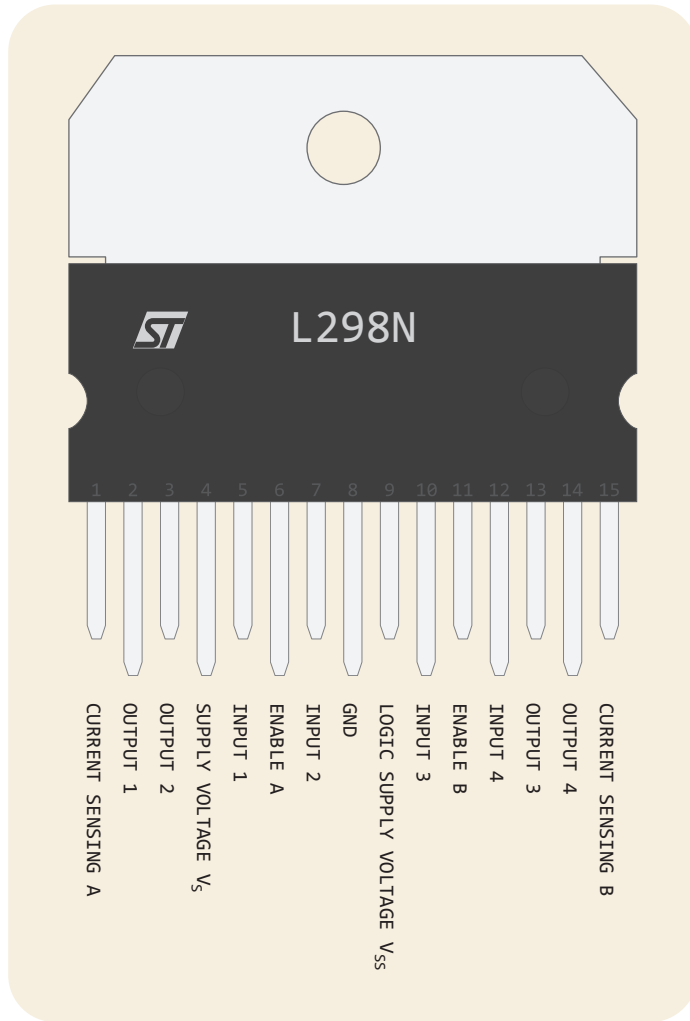
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-------|---------|-----|-----|------|----------|-----|------|-----|-----------|
| 102 | 1n | .001 | 1,000pF | 103 | 10n | .01 | 10,000pF | 104 | 100n | .1 | 100,000pF |
| 122 | 1n2 | .0012 | 1,200pF | 123 | 12n | .012 | 12,000pF | 124 | 120n | .12 | 120,000pF |
| 152 | 1n5 | .0015 | 1,500pF | 153 | 15n | .015 | 15,000pF | 154 | 150n | .15 | 150,000pF |
| 182 | 1n8 | .0018 | 1,800pF | 183 | 18n | .018 | 18,000pF | 184 | 180n | .18 | 180,000pF |
| 222 | 2n2 | .0022 | 2,200pF | 223 | 22n | .022 | 22,000pF | 224 | 220n | .22 | 220,000pF |
| 272 | 2n7 | .0027 | 2,700pF | 273 | 27n | .027 | 27,000pF | 274 | 270n | .27 | 270,000pF |
| 332 | 3n3 | .0033 | 3,300pF | 333 | 33n | .033 | 33,000pF | 334 | 330n | .33 | 330,000pF |
| 392 | 3n9 | .0039 | 3,900pF | 393 | 39n | .039 | 39,000pF | 394 | 390n | .39 | 390,000pF |
| 472 | 4n7 | .0047 | 4,700pF | 473 | 47n | .047 | 47,000pF | 474 | 470n | .47 | 470,000pF |
| 562 | 5n6 | .0056 | 5,600pF | 563 | 56n | .056 | 56,000pF | 564 | 560n | .56 | 560,000pF |
| 682 | 6n8 | .0068 | 6,800pF | 683 | 68n | .068 | 68,000pF | 684 | 680n | .68 | 680,000pF |
| 822 | 8n2 | .0082 | 8,200pF | 823 | 82n | .082 | 82,000pF | 824 | 820n | .82 | 820,000pF |

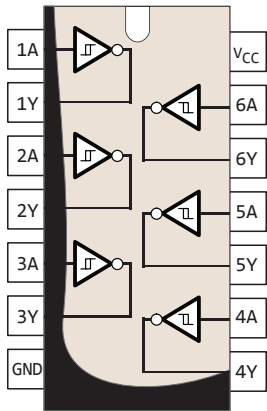
1,000 1 0.001

pF **nF** **μ F**

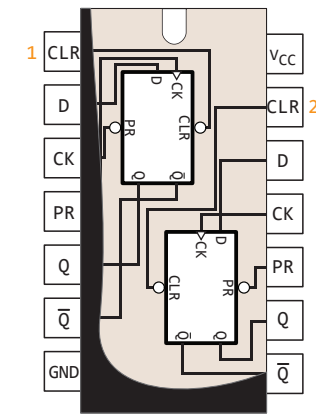
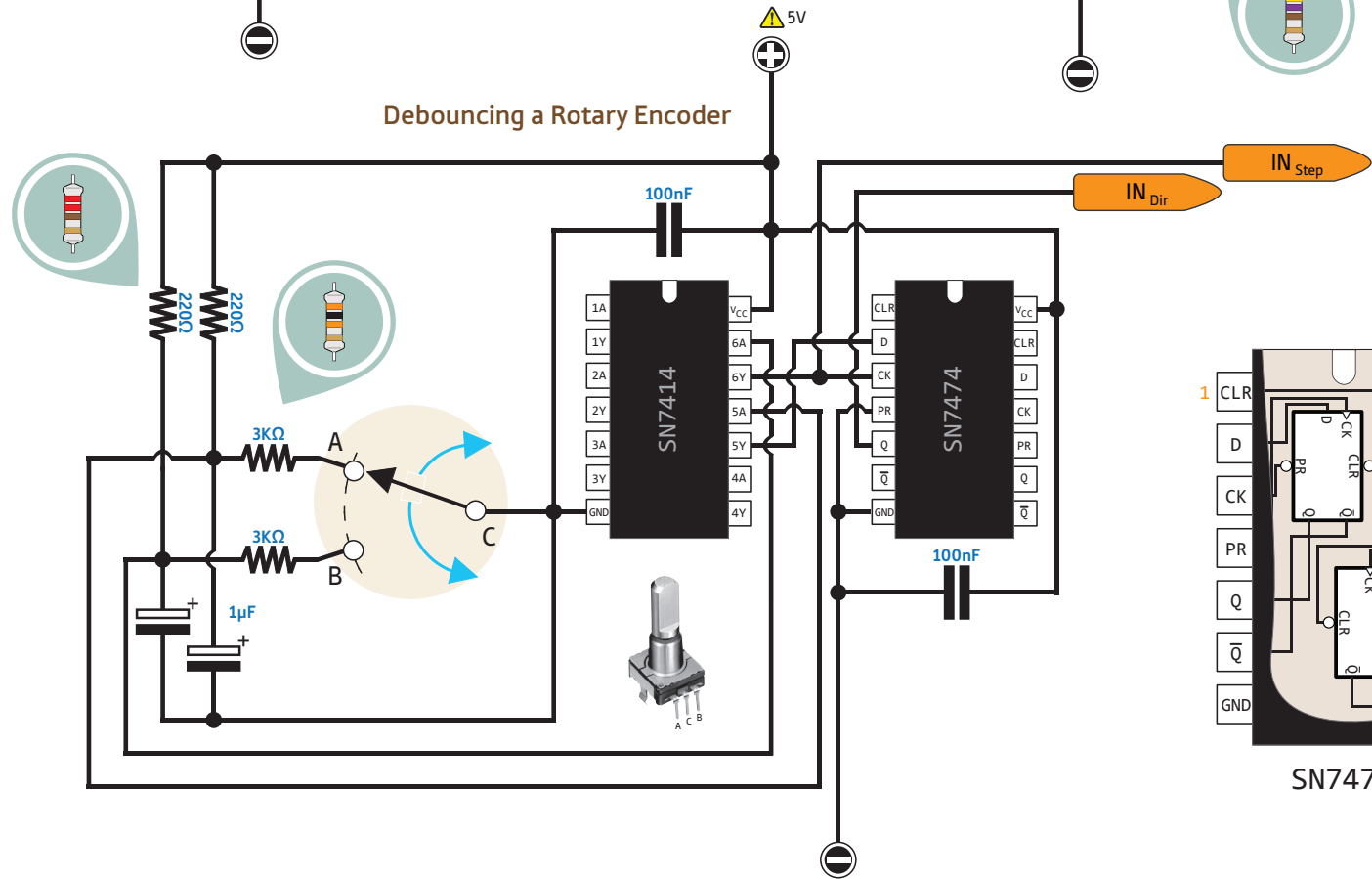
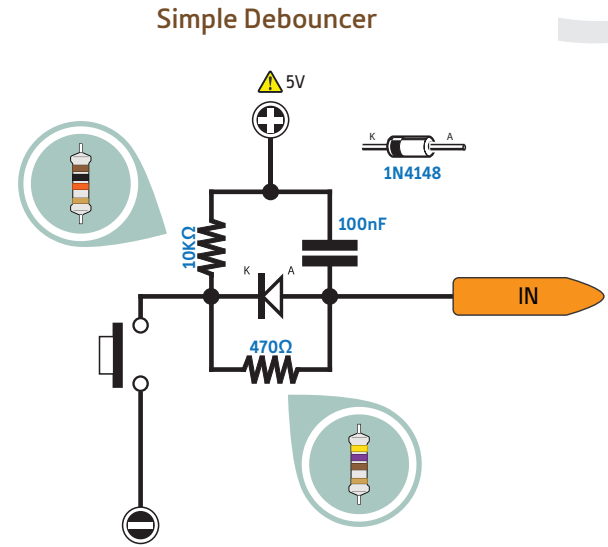
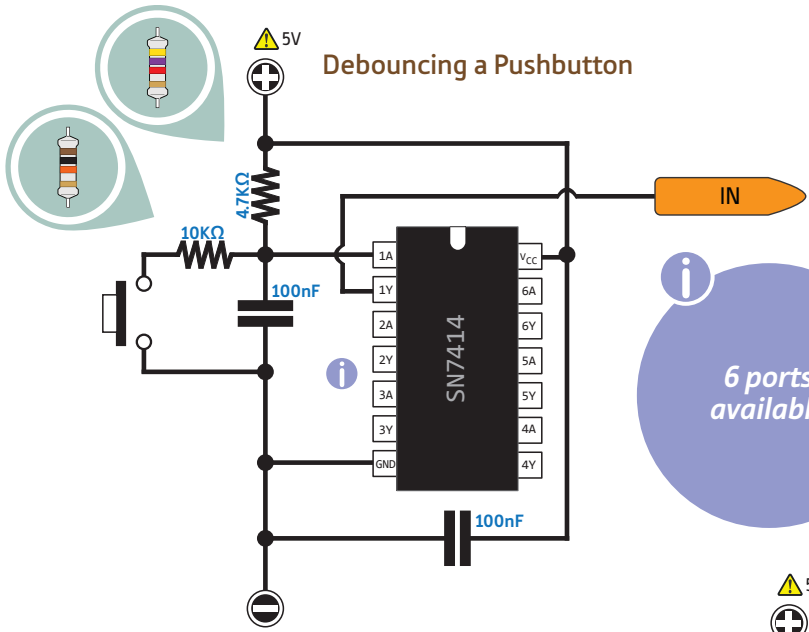


Drive a Motor (L298)



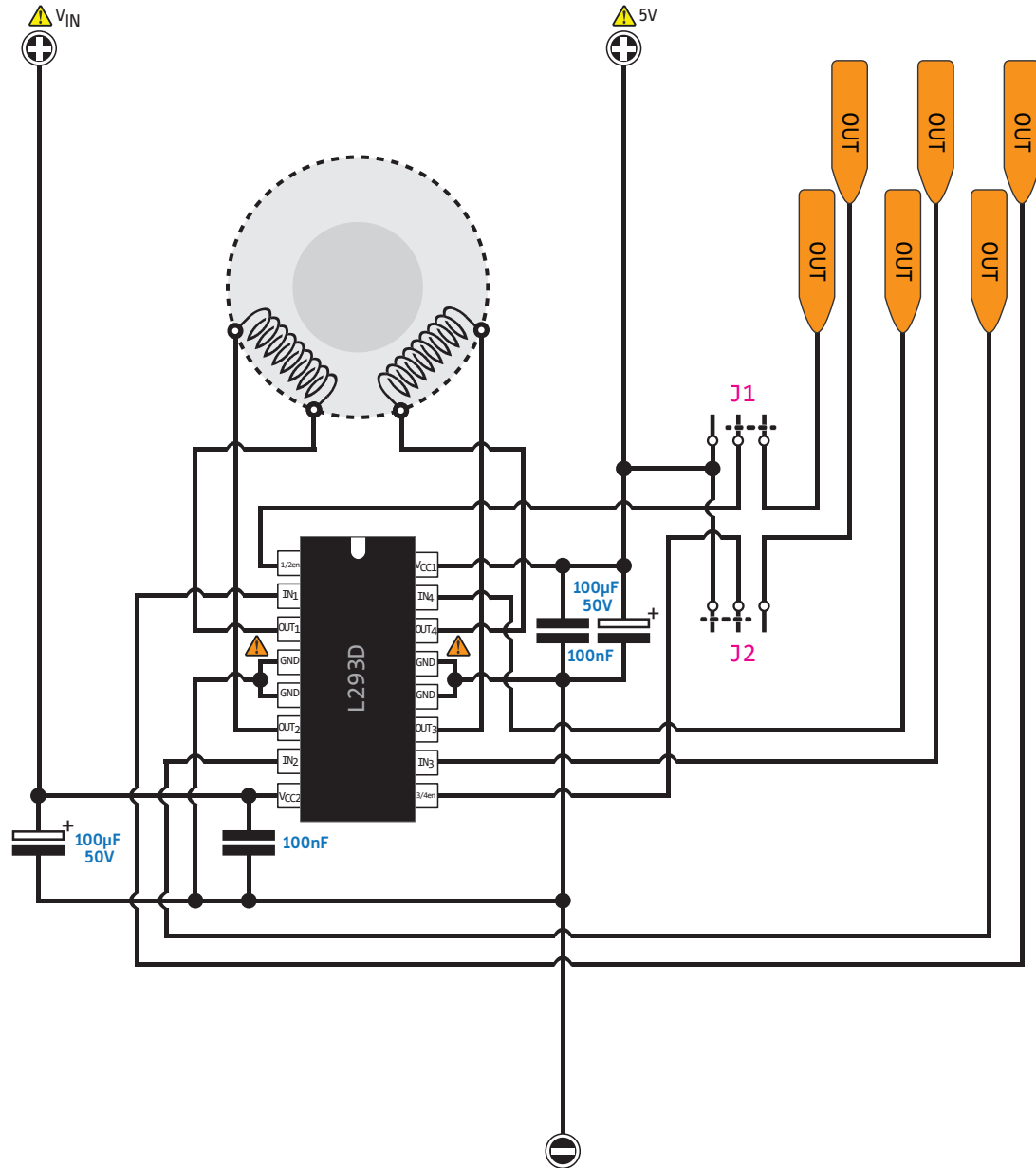
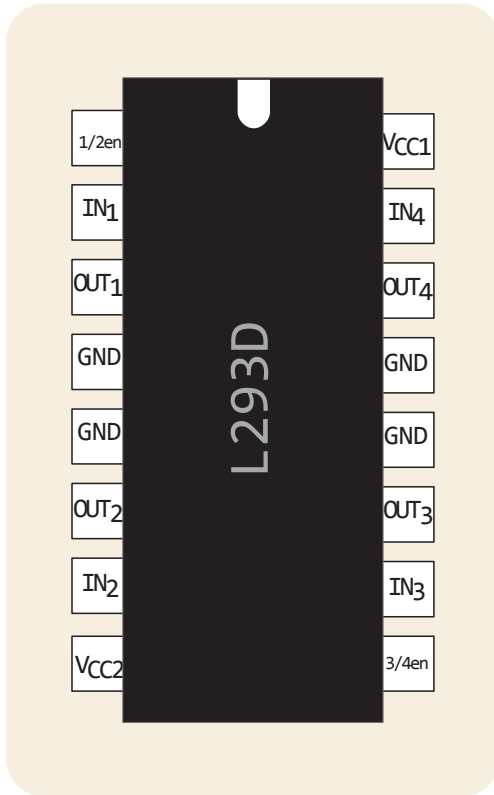


SN7414

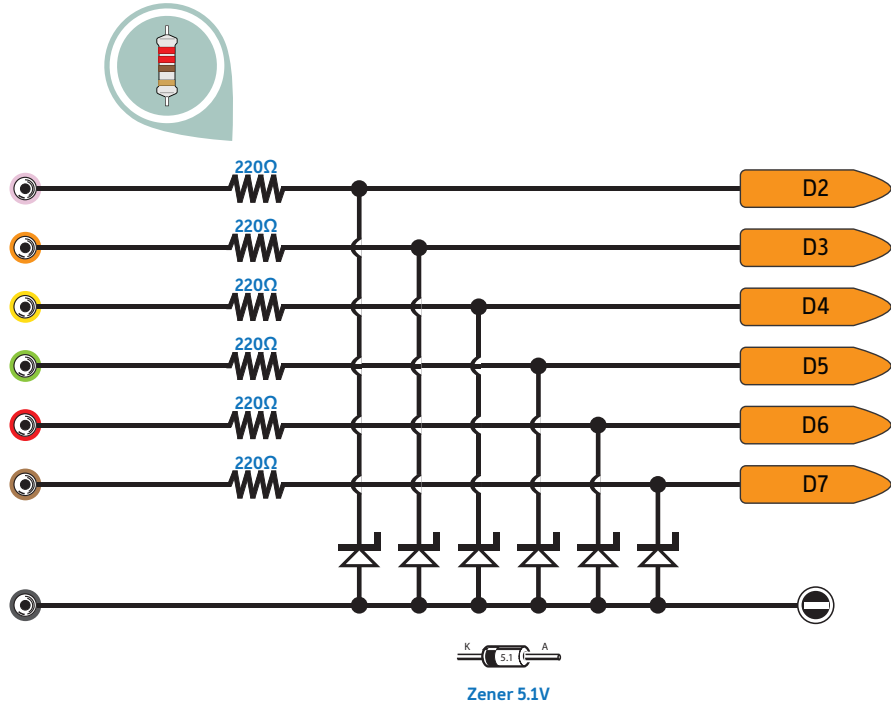


SN7474

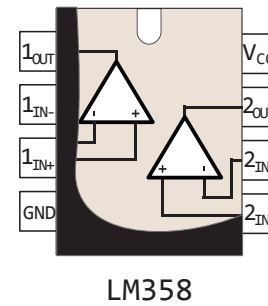
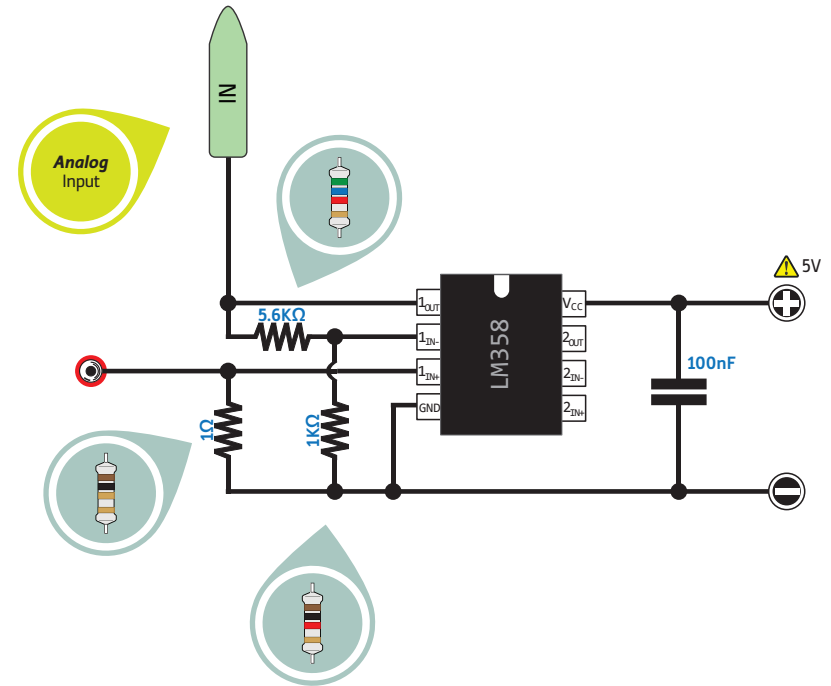
Drive a Stepper (L293D)



Arduino Logic Analyzer

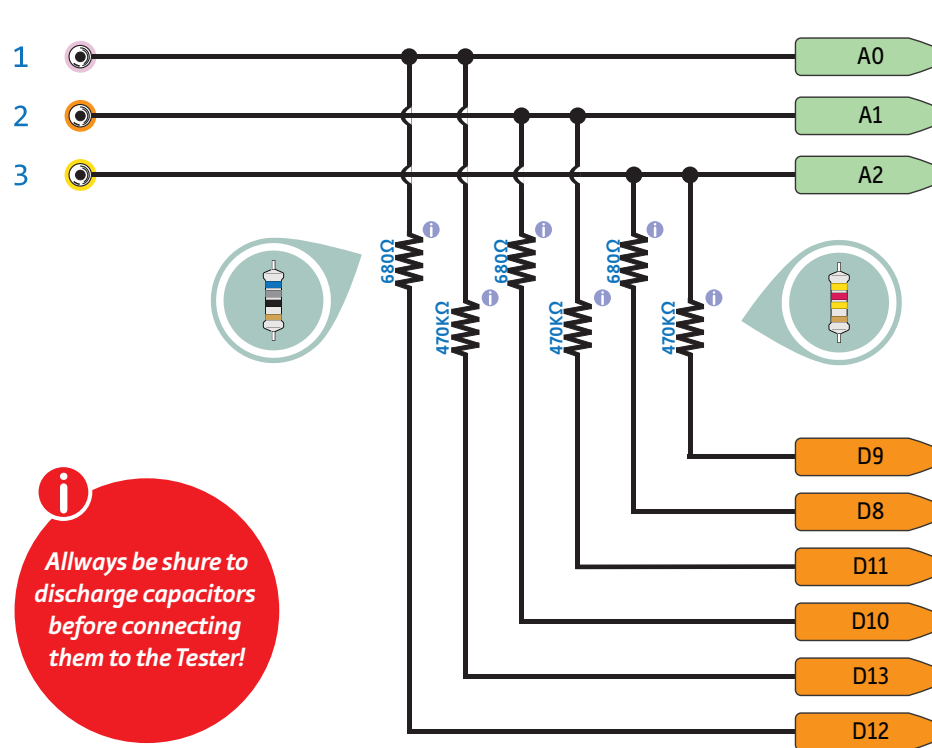


Current Sense



i
See instructions
at
la.pighixx.com

Arduino Component Tester (basic)



i
Always be shure to discharge capacitors before connecting them to the Tester!

i
To get full accuracy use 1% tolerance resistors

i
Download sketch at at.pighixx.com

