

CCS Pic-C: TIMERO Module

`void setup_timer0 (mode)`

This built-in function is used to configure TIMERO module operation. Required parameters is given by the `mode`, which is a group of constant values that can be OR'ed using | operator. The constants are defined in the devices .h file (i.e. 16 F877A.h)

Constants that may be used in `mode`:

`RTCC_INTERNAL` //refer to internal clock source selection

Or

`RTCC_ExT_L_TO_H`

or

`RTCC_ExT_H_TO_L` //referto external clock source selection

//with edge selection indicated //to increment the counter

and `prescaler` options can be:

`RTCC_DIV_1,`

`RTCC_DIV_2,`

`RTCC_DIV_4,`

`RTCC_DIV_8,`

`RTCC_DIV_16,`

`RTCC_DIV_32,`

`RTCC_DIV_64,`

`RTCC_DIV_128,`

`RTCC_DIV_256`

Note: RTCC (=Real Time Counter Clock) is another name for TIMERO.

`void set_timer0 (value)` same as `set_rtcc (value)`

This built-in function sets the 8-bit `value` of TMR0 by `value`. The counter counts up starting from this value. Timer0 counts upwards and when it reaches its maximum value of it will rollover to 0 and continue counting from 0

(for example if value=250, then counting will be as 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 0, 1, 2...).

Hence, after roll over, if it is required to start counting from an other value different from zero, the built-in function must be again used with required `value`.

`int _get_timer0()` same as `get_rtcc ()`

Returns the current 8-bit count value of the counter TMR0. OBSOLETE built-in function:

`setup_counters (rtcc_state, ps_state)` // for old version compiler compatibility. DON'T USE!